## B.Sc. RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY THIRD YEAR

## PAPER III - RADIOBIOLOGY AND RADIATION SAFETY

Q.P. Code: 801823

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer All questions.

I. Elaborate on:  $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

1. Plan a diagnostic X-ray room setup with schematic diagram confirming AERB recommendations.

- 2. Explain in detail various radiation protection tools / devices.
- 3. What is ALARA? Explain various methods to reduce patient dose in Fluroscopy.

II. Write notes on:  $(8 \times 5 = 40)$ 

- 1. Factors affecting radiation in diagnostic X-rays.
- 2. Thermoluminescent dosimeter, its advantages over film badge.
- 3. How to reduce patient dose in X-ray studies on children?
- 4. AERB regulations on warning signs at a Diagnostic X-ray room.
- 5. Permissible dose limits for public and radiation worker.
- 6. Patient dose reduction in CT explain on Pitch, CT dose modulation.
- 7. How to assess radiation workload?
- 8. Importance of quality control in radiation safety.

## III. Short answers on: $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. Radiation effects on eye.
- 2. Use and features of thyroid shield.
- 3. Sources of background ionizing radiation.
- 4. Importance of X-ray beam collimation.
- 5. Latency period for radiation induced cancer.
- 6. Skin entrance dose, how to reduce it?
- 7. Equivalent Dose, How do we equate effects of different kinds of radiation?
- 8. Cumulative dose, why is this relevant in radiation safety?
- 9. Use of Lead goggles.
- 10. Inverse square law, its application.

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