[LJ 1115] Sub. Code: 1115

## SECOND PROFESSIONAL B.U.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION – OCTOBER 2016.

Paper V – MAHIYATUL-AMRAZ UMOOMI WA ILMUL JARASEEM – Paper I (General Pathology and Microbiology)

Q.P.Code: 621115

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

I. Long essay:  $(4 \times 15 = 60)$ 

1. Describe the general classification of Micro-organism. Explain the microbial activity in detail.

ر جراثیم کی درجہ بندی (Classification) کرتے ہوئے جراثیمی افعال (Microbial activity) کرتے ہوئے جراثیمی نوط کھئے۔ پر تفصیلی نوط کھئے۔

2. Define Gangrene, describe the types of Gangrene, write down the Cellular changes which occurs in different types of Gangrene.

3. Write a detailed notes on Inflammation and Healing and Repair.

4. Define disease and write down the detailed classification according simple and compound diseases and its sub-classification. Write down the causes of WARAM according to morbid matter and altered quality with with suitable examples.

II. Short notes:  $(10 \times 4 = 40)$ 

1. Define TAFARUQ-E-ITTESAL (Breech in Continuity), write down the terminologies of Breech in Continuity in different organs, mention its causes and symptoms.

2. Define WARAM and its classification and sign and symptoms in brief. درم کی تعریف اوراقسام اورام (Classification of Auram) اورعلامات اورام پرنوٹ ککھئے۔

3. Define Leukaemia, describe its types.

4. Write brief notes on causes, signs and symptoms of AIDS.

5. What are the various causes of dehydration in the body.

6. Write down the causes of Sehath wa Marz with regards to its effects and its similarities and dis-similarities.

7. What are the pathological causes of Retention and Evacuation in human body. Mention its sign and symptoms in detail.

8. Describe Amraz-e-Asliyah (Absolute Disease) and Amraz-e-Shirkiyah (Secondary Disease), causes of Shirkath-e-Amraz (Adjoining of Secondary Disease) and its differentiating points with suitable examples.

9. What is meant by Gram Positive Bacteria? Mention its few examples and what are the diseases caused by the bacteria.

10. What are the diseases caused by Pneumococcus, Salmonella and Shigella, describe its action.