MAY 2018

M.D. DEGREE EXAMINATION

BRANCH IV – MICROBIOLOGY

PAPER III - VIROLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Q.P.Code: 202016

Time: Three Hours

I. Essay:

- 1. Mention the dead end viral infection. Brief about pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Rabies. Add a note on Rabies vaccination.
- 2. Enumerate haemoparasites. Discuss in detail about the conventional and newer laboratory methods for diagnosis of Malaria. Add a note on advances in the field of Malarial vaccines.

II. Short notes:

- 1. Meyer-Kuwener syndrome.
- 2. QBC (Quantitative buffy coat) method.
- 3. Stool concentration methods.
- 4. Viral inclusion bodies.
- 5. Electron Microscopy.
- 6. Serum markers of Hepatitis B virus and the clinical importance.
- 7. Continuous cell culture.
- 8. SARS (Severe acute respiratory syndrome).
- 9. Oncogenic parasitic infection.
- 10. Larva migrans.

III. Reasoning Out:

- 1. Nucleic acid detection methods are preferred over other laboratory methods in diagnosis of Pandemic Influenza.
- 2. Primary Varicella antibodies are not protective in Reactivation.
- 3. Trophozoite detection is difficult in stored stool sample in diagnosis of Entamoeba histolytica.
- 4. Soil sample screening to be done during Hookworm infestation as a part of public Health importance.

$(2 \ge 15 = 30)$

Maximum: 100 Marks

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$