APRIL 2001

[KD 372]

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulation)

Branch VI - Prosthodontics

Part II

Paper I — COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions

- Discuss the guide lines for selection and arrangement of anterior teeth for complete denture. (25)
- Discuss the theories of occlusion (25)
- Write briefly on :
 - (a) Physiologic rest position
 - (b) Retention and stability in complete denture

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- (c) Patient's education key to success of complete denture
- (d) Role of preprosthetic surgery in clinical prosthodontics.
 - (e) Disinfecting Dentures.

NOVEMBER 2001

[KE 372]

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

Branch VI - Prosthodontics

Part II

Paper I - COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Role of Nutrition in Complete Denture Services.

(25)

- 2. Discuss rationale of occlusion and teeth arrangement for the various edentulous Maxillo-Mandibular relations. (25)
- Write briefly on :

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- (a) Management of abused tissues in edentulous patients
- (b) Role of Pre-Prosthetic surgery in Prosthodontics
- (c) Limitations of complete Denture base
- (d) Critical analysis of various theories of Impression techniques in complete dentures
 - (e) Condylar path

MARCH 2002

[KG 372]

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

Branch VI — Prosthodontics

Part II

Paper I — COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

- Make a critical evaluation of mandibular denture tanures. (25)
- Discuss the teeth arrangement for different edentulous ridge relations. (25)
- 3. Write briefly on: $(5 \times 10 = 50)$
 - (a) Mental attitude of denture patient.
 - (b) Objectives of impression making.
- (c) Microscopic anatomy of posterior palatal seal area.
 - (d) Mean value articulation.
 - (e) Immediate denture service.

SEPTEMBER 2002

[KH 372]

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

Branch VI - Prosthodontics

Part II

Paper I -- COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

- Write about single complete denture procedures, problems and solutions. (25)
- Discuss occlusal factors and solutions in T.M.J.
 Tenderness and dysfunction among complete Denture wearer. (25)

Write briefly on :

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- (a) Factors for Stability of Complete Denture
- (b) Orientation of plane of occlusion
- (c) Management of cleft-palate
- (d) Denture Hygiene
- (e) Role of polished surfaces in the success of complete Denture.

APRIL 2003

[KI 372]

Sub. Code: 2351

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

Branch VI - Prosthodontics

Part II

Paper I — COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

- Highlight the importance of facebow usage in prosthodontic rehabilitation. (25)
- Explain the problems of single dentures and their management. (25)
- 3. Write briefly on:

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- (a) Sublingual seal area.
- (b) Preservation of Proprioception.
- (c) Interocclusal registration media.
- (d) Prognosis for complete denture patient.
- (e) Selective pressure technique.

OCTOBER 2003

[KJ 372]

Sub. Code: 2351

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

Branch VI --- PROSTHODONTICS

Part II

Paper I — COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

M.C.Q. : 20 marks

M.C.Q. must be answered SEPARATELY on the answer sheet provided as per the instructions on the first page of M.C.Q. Booklet.

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

- Discuss the neuromuscular mechanism of muscles of mastication and facial expression and its application to the sucess of a prosthesis. (15)
- Give the critical importance of posterior seal area and briefly describe the different methods of recording the same. (15)

Write Short Notes on :

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- Balanced versus non-balanced concept of occlusion.
- (2) Importance of patient remount and selective grinding.
 - (3) Relining and rebasing importance.
- (4) Nutrition and its significance for the sucess of denture acceptance in elderly patients.
- (5) Validity of phonetics in recording vertical relation.
 - (6) Preventing and treating absused tissues.
- (7) Different posterior tooth forms for complete dentures and their significance.
- (8) Role of immediate complete denture in preventive prosthodontics.
- (9) Problems associated with a single complete denture.
 - (10) Materials used to record primary impressions.

APRIL 2004

[KK 372]

Sub. Code: 2351

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

Branch VI - Prosthodontics

Part II

Paper I — COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time : Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

M.C.Q.: 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

A. Essay:

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

- Describe the tempero mandibular joint and mention the importance of mandibular movements in prosthodontic treatment.
- (2) Explain the causes of occlusal disharmony in processed acrylic complete artificial dentures and discuss methods of their rectification.

B. Write short notes on :

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- Role of patient education in complete denture prosthodontics.
 - (2) Denture sore mouth.
- (3) Role of soft liners in the management of edentulous patients.
 - (4) Factors of retention in complete denture.
 - (5) Limitation of articulator system.
 - (6) Hollow bulb obturator.
- (7) Enumerate the factors responsible for residual ridge resorption.
- (8) Role of preprosthetic surgery in clinical prosthodontics.
- (9) Selection and preparation of over denture abutments.
 - (10) Masticatory efficiency of complete denture..

AUGUST 2004

[KL 372]

Sub. Code: 2351

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

Branch VI — Prosthodontics

Part - II

Paper I — COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay :

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

- Discuss in detail the mandibular movements.
 Describe in detail the methods of recording horizontal relations.
- (2) What is an overdenture? Write the advantages, disadvantages, indications and contraindications of overdentures. Discuss in detail the prefabricated attachments for overdentures.

II. Write short notes on :

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- (a) Difference between natural and artificial dentition.
- (b) Significance of Frankfort/mandibular plane angle in prosthodontics.
 - (c) Vestibuloplasty.
 - (d) Dentogenic concept.
 - (e) Management of abused oral tissues.
 - (f) Theories of occlusion.
- (g) Current concepts in lingual flange design in complete dentures.
 - (h) Neutral Zone in complete dentures.
- Posterior palatal seals for varying palatal forms.
 - Linguialised occlusion.

FEBRUARY 2005

[KM 372]

Sub. Code: 2351

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

Branch IV — Prosthodontics

Part II

Paper I — COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

Essay:

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

- Define and Discuss Articulators, write about transfer of records and the instruments needed for the same.
- (2) Squeal of systemic diseases on residual ridge resorption and how to manage the same.

Write short notes on:

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- (a) Patient education and motivation for the success of complete denture.
 - Characterization of complete dentures.
 - Metallic denture bases for c.d.
 - Arrangement of teeth for class III relation.
- Causes and remedies for difficulty in speech, swallowing and medicine fracture of dentures.
- Enumerate different spacer design for custom tray and justify the same.
 - Management of hemi-mandibulectomy cases.
 - Flabby ridge management.
- Attachments for Implant supported dentures.
 - (i) Enumerate various hinge axis points.

[KM 372]

SEPTEMBER 2006

[KP 372] Sub. Code: 2351

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

Branch IV - Prosthodontics

Part II

Paper I - COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes M.C.Q.: 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

L. Essay:

- (1) Occlusion in Prosthodontics. (20)
- (2) Discuss the various theories of impression making in complete denture construction. (15)
- (3) Define Vertical Jaw Relation. Classify the methods of recording it. What are the effects of increased and decreased vertical dimension? (15)

II. Short notes:

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

- (a) Dentogenic concept.
- (b) Significance of Centric relation.
- (c) Compensating curves.
- (d) Realeff.
- (e) Ridge augmentation.
- Denture stomatitis.

[KP 372]

MARCH 2007

[KQ 372]

Sub. Code: 2351

M.D.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

Branch VI - Prosthodontics

(For candidates admitted from the academic year 1993 – 1994 onwards)

Paper I — COMPLETE DENTURE PROSTHESIS

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

M.C.Q. : 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

- I. Essay :
- 1. Classify articulators and write in detail about any one type of fully adjustable articulator. (20)

Classify jaw relations, write in detail about horizontal relations, with a note on different techniques.

(15)

 Classify impressions and discuss the principles of impression making. (15)

II. Short notes :

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

- (a) Role of saliva in complete denture Prosthodontics.
- (b) Speech considerations with complete denture.
- (c) Treatment options for hemimandibulectomy cases.
- (d) Procedures to improve the patients denture bearing areas.
- (e) Sequelae caused by wearing complete dentures.
 - (f) Treatment of T.M.J. disorders.