APRIL 2001

[KD 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part II

Paper II — GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

- 1. How will you evaluate infertile couple? How will you manage a case of anovulatory infertility? (25)
- 2. Describe the methods for early detection of cancer cervix. How will you manage a case of early cancer cervix? (25)
- Write short notes on :

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- (a) Puberty menorrhagia
- (b) Non contraceptive benefits of C.C. pills
- (c) Testicular feminisation syndrome
- (d) Medical management of endometriosis
- (e) Diagnostic hysteroscopy.

NOVEMBER 2001

[KE 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part II

Paper II — GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

- 1. Describe the etiology, diagnosis, complications and management of endometriosis. (25)
- 2. Describe the etiology, diagnosis and management of Vesico Vaginal fistula. (25)
- 3. Write briefly on:

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- (a) Hyperprolactinaemia
- (b) Hormonal contraception
- (c) Hysteroscopy
- (d) Enterocele
- (e) Epithelial Carcinoma of the Ovary.

MARCH 2002

[KG 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part II

Paper II — GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

- 1. Discuss the role of male factor in infertility. (25)
- 2. Discuss the diagnosis and recent advances in the management of stress incontinence. (25)
- 3. Write briefly on: $(5 \times 10 = 50)$
 - (a) Role of cytology in Gynaecology.
 - (b) Bacterial vaginosis.
 - (c) Colposcopy.
 - (d) Pyometra.
 - (e) Endoscopic sterilisation.

SEPTEMBER 2002

[KH 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part II

Paper II — GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

- 1. Discuss the aetio-pathogenesis and management of pelvic inflammatory disease. (25)
- 2. Discuss the various methods of screening for pelvic malignancies in a woman aged 40 years? (25)
- 3. Write short notes on: $(5 \times 10 = 50)$
 - (a) Diagnostic Laporoscopy
 - (b) Galactorrhoea
 - (c) Torsion of ovarian cyst
 - (d) Post-coital contraception
 - (e) Conservative management of tubal pregnancy.

APRIL 2003

[KI 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part II

Paper II — GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

- 1. Mention the uterine causes of infertility and role of hysteroscopy in evaluation and management of infertility. (25)
- Discuss in detail the aetiopathology, diagnosis and management of cervical-intra epithelial neoplasia. (25)
- 3. Short notes on:

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- (a) Fractional curotage
- (b) Emergency contraception
- (c) Haematocolpos
- (d) Management of nulliparous prolapse
- (e) Treatment of Juxta cervical VVF.

OCTOBER 2003

[KJ 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part II

Paper II — GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

M.C.Q.: 20 marks

M.C.Q. must be answered **SEPARATELY** on the answer sheet provided as per the instructions given on the first page of the M.C.Q. Booklet.

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

Essay:

1. Discuss briefly the actiology and management of dyspareunia with a note on its prevention and prognosis. (15)

- 2. Mention the advantages and disadvantages of endoscopic surgery versus conventional surgery. Discuss the management of endometriosis. (15)
- 3. Write short notes on:

 $(10 \times 5 \approx 50)$

- (1) Chronic inversion
- (2) Hydrosalphinx
- (3) Sexually transmitted disease
- (4) Latest trends in contraception
- (5) Follow-up in a case of vesicular mole
- (6) Tuberculous salpingitis
- (7) Chemotherapy in ovarian tumour
- (8) Safe abortion
- (9) Arcuate uterus
- (10) Nullipacoar pulapse

AUGUST 2004

[KL 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part II

Paper II — GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes M.C.Q.: 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay Questions :

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

- (1) How will you manage a unilateral solid ovarian tumour in an 18 yr old unmarried girl? (15)
- (2) Discuss the current concept in the etropathogenesis and management of DUB. (15)

I. Short notes on :

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- (a) Hormonal contraception.
- (b) Pyometra.
- (c) Luteal phase defect.
- (d) Emergency contraception.
- (e) Conisation operation.
- (f) Vault prolapse.
- (g) Medical management of ectopic pregnancy.
- (h) Methotrexate.
- Bacterial vaginosis.
- (j) Toxic shock syndrome.

FEBRUARY 2005

[KM 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part II

Paper II — GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

M.C.Q. : 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay Question :

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

- (1) Discuss mass in lower abdomen in 20 years old woman. How will you manage germ cell tumour of ovary in such patient? (15)
- (2) How will you diagnose and treat a case of genuine stress in-continence? (15)

Write short notes on :

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- (a) Benefits and risks of H.R.T.
- Investigations for male factor infertility.
- (c) Roll of Colposcopy in cervical lesions.
- (d) Injectable contraceptives.
- (e) Emergency contraception.
- (f) Vault prolapse.
- (g) Tumour markers.
- (h) Laser in Gynaecology.
- (i) Cervical fibroid.
- (j) Hysteroscope.

MARCH 2006

[KO 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

M.C.Q.: 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

I. Write essay on :

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

 A 52 year old post menopausal lady presented with bleeding per vaginum of 3 weeks duration.

How will you evaluate and arrive at a diagnosis?

If the diagnosis is stage II Carcinoma-Endometnium, how will you treat?

(2) A 30 years old lady, married for 4 years presented with inability to conceive is diagnosed to have poly cystic Ovarian Disease. How will you treat? II. Write short notes on:

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- (a) Operative hysteroscopy
- (b) Tubal reconstructive surgery
- (c) State I a, carcinoma cervix
- (d) Progesterone only contraceptive
- (e) Azoospermia
- (f) Nulliparous prolapse
- (g) Tension free vaginal tape
- (h) Management of acute Pelvic inflammatory
 - (i) Copper T 380 A
 - (i) Red degeneration fibroid.

SEPTEMBER 2006

[KP 1505] Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

Paper III — GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes M.C.Q.: 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay questions :

- (1) What are the pre invasive lesions of vulva? Write in detail regarding the classification (stages) and management of malignant lesions of vulva.

 (20)
- (2) What are the different types of assisted reproductive technologies? How will you manage a case of unexplained infertility? (15)
- (3) Discuss the pathogenesis and management of endometriosis in a 40 year old woman. (15)

II. Write short notes on :

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

- (a) Microsurgery on tube
- (b) Hydrosalpinx
- (c) Chronic inversion
- (d) Krukenberg's tumour
- (e) Hirsutism causes
- (f) Male contraception.

MARCH 2007

[KQ 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (D.G.O) EXAMINATION

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Common to

(Candidates admitted from 1993-94 onwards)

and

(Candidates admitted from 2004-05 onwards)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

M.C.Q.: 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

- I. Essay Questions:
- 1. Mention advantages and disadvantages of (20)
 - (a) Female sterilization
 - (b) Male sterilization
 - (c) Condoms
 - (d) Intrauterine devices
 - (e) Oral contraceptives.

- 2. Describe in detail about <u>HIRSUTISM</u> and <u>VIRILISM</u>. (15)
- Describe the paediatric gynaecological problems and the role of paediatric surgery in the management.
- II. Write short notes on :

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

- (a) Uterine sound
- (b) Conjugated oestrogen
- (c) Fractional curettage
- (d) Staging of cervical cancer
- (e) Features of Adenomyosis in Hysterectomy specimen.
 - (f) Role of surgery in pelvic tuberculosis.

MARCH 2008

[KS 1505]

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

Paper III — GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

(Common to all regulations)

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay Questions:

 $(2 \times 20 = 40)$

- 1. Discuss the diagnosis and modern management of Dysfunctional uterine bleeding.
- 2. Describe the signs, symptoms, staging and management of Ca.CX stage I-B. How do you prevent it?
- II. Short Notes:

 $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

- 1. Medical termination of pregnancy in first trimester.
- 2. Role of exfoliative cytology in gynaecology.
- 3. Trichomonas vaginalis.
- 4. Chemical disinfectants for HIV.
- 5. Endometrial ablation.
- 6. Vault prolapse.
- 7. Interval sterilization.
- 8. Paraovarian cyst.
- 9. Role of Colposcopy.
- 10. Merits and demerits of Depoprovera.

September 2008

[KT 1505] Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

Paper III – GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions:

 $(2 \times 20 = 40)$

- 1. What are the differences between benign and malignant ovarian tumours in their clinical presentation, management and prognosis.
- 2. Evaluate asymptomatic case of midline swelling up to umbilicus in a 50 years old woman.

II. Write short notes on:

 $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

- 1. Role of EB (Endometrial Biopsy) in present day gynaecology.
- 2. Non contraceptive benefits of hormone releasing Intrauterine contraceptive device. (IUCD).
- 3. Medical management of ectopic pregnancy.
- 4. Only progestogen pills.
- 5. Family planning choice in HIV+ve woman.
- 6. Down staging of cancer cervix
- 7. Follow up of vesicular mole.
- 8. Post coital test
- 9. Hormone replacement therapy (HRT).
- 10. Semen analysis-WHO Norms.

MARCH -2009

[KU 1505] Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

Paper III – GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

- I. Essay questions : $(2 \times 20 = 40)$
 - 1. Write about newer contraceptives.
 - 2. Management of postmenopausal bleeding.

II. Write short notes on : $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

- 1. Saline sonohysterography.
- 2. Role of pap smear in cancer cervix screening.
- 3. Tumour markers.
- 4. Bacterial vaginosis.
- 5. Evaluation of secondary Amenorrhoea.
- 6. Missed abortion.
- 7. Cervical polyp.
- 8. Scar endometriosis.
- 9. POP classification of prolapse.
- 10. Management of Fibroadenoma breast.

September - 2009

[KV 1505] Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

Paper III – GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

(Common to all candidates)

O.P. Code : 343005

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions: $(2 \times 20 = 40)$

- 1. Discuss the pathogenesis and management of endometriosis in a 40 yr old woman.
- 2. Discuss about the differences between benign and malignant ovarian tumors in their clinical presentation, management and prognosis.

II. Write short notes on : $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

- 1. Uterine polyps and their management.
- 2. Prognostic factors for endometrial carcinoma.
- 3. Down staging of Ca Cx.
- 4. Anatomy and management of stress incontinence in female.
- 5. Management of missing Cu-T threads.
- 6. Role of radio therapy in Ca. ovary.
- 7. Prolactinomas.
- 8. Treatment of ureteric fistula as a result of hysterectomy.
- 9. HRT in menopause.
- 10. Post coital test.

March 2010

[KW 1505] Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary

Answer ALL questions

I. Essay questions:

 $(2 \times 20 = 40)$

- 1. Conservative management of functional uterine bleeding.
- 2. Evaluate asymptomatic case of midline swelling upto umbilicus in a 50 yrs old woman.

II. Write short notes on:

 $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

- 1. Role of endometrial biopsy in present day gynaecology.
- 2. Non contraceptive benefits of hormone releasing intrauterine contraceptive device (IUCD).
- 3. Medical management of ectopic pregnancy.
- 4. Bartholins cyst.
- 5. Family planning choice in HIV positive woman.
- 6. Erosion cervix.
- 7. Follow up of vesicular mole.
- 8. Vault prolapse.
- 9. Hormone replacement therapy (HRT).
- 10. Semen analysis WHO norms.

[KX 1505] Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (D.G.O) EXAMINATION.

Part II – Paper II for Candidates admitted from 2008-09 onwards And

Paper - III for Candidates admitted from 2004-05 to 2007-08

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions:

 $(2 \times 20 = 40)$

- 1. Discuss the Etiology and Management of Endometriosis.
- 2. What are the Pre malignant lesions of the cervix? Discuss the management of Early Carcinoma of Cervix.

II. Write short notes on:

 $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

- 1. Precocious Puberty.
- 2. Gartners cyst.
- 3. Emergency Contraception.
- 4. Minilaparotomy.
- 5. Intrauterine Insemination.
- 6. Tests for Tubal Patency.
- 7. Copper T.
- 8. Pruritus vulva.
- 9. Dermoid cyst.
- 10. Chronic inversion of uterus.

APRIL 2011

[KY 1505] Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: 3 hours Maximum: 100 marks (180 Min)

I. Elaborate on :	Pages (Max.)	Time (Max.)	Marks (Max.)
1. Discuss in detail the pathogenesis and management of Endometriosis in a 40 year old woman.	11	35	15
2. Discuss in detail the permanent methods of			
Contraception.	11	35	15
II. Write notes on :			
1. Dermoid cyst.	4	10	7
2. Hirsuitism.	4	10	7
3. Prolactinomas.	4	10	7
4. Precocious puberty.	4	10	7
5. Management of missing Copper-T.	4	10	7
6. Depot Provera.	4	10	7
7. Medical termination of pregnancy act.	4	10	7
8. Tubal patency tests.	4	10	7
9. Medical management of Ectopic pregnancy.	4	10	7
10. Ovulatory bleeding.	4	10	7

October 2011

[KZ 1505] Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: 3 hours	Maximu	Maximum: 100 marks				
(180 Min)	_					
Answer ALL questions in the same order.						
I. Elaborate on :	Pages (Max.)	Time Marks (Max.)				
1. Discuss in detail the management of procidentia in a women aged 45 years.	11	35 min. 15				
2. Discuss the role of pap smear in cancer screening and Discuss the management of CIN.	11	35 min. 15				
II. Write notes on :						
1. Emergency contraception.	4	10 min. 7				
2. Post menopausal osteoporosis.	4	10 min. 7				
3. Permanent methods of contraception.	4	10 min. 7				
4. Krukenberg's Tumour.	4	10 min. 7				
5. Insulin resistance in PCOS.	4	10 min. 7				
6. Neonatal Jaundice.	4	10 min. 7				
7. Birth trauma.	4	10 min. 7				
8. Lap assisted vaginal hysterectomy.	4	10 min. 7				
9. First trimester Medical termination of pregnancy- Surgica	ıl					
methods.	4	10 min. 7				
10. Bartholin Cyst.	4	10 min. 7				

April 2012

[LA 1505] Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: 3 hours	Maximum: 100 marks
(180 Min)	

Answer ALL questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on :	Pages (Max.)	Time (Max.)	Marks (Max.)
1. A 16 yrs old girl admitted with 6gms of Hb – discuss the differential diagnosis and management.	16		15
2. A 40 yrs old nulliparous woman with endometrial hyperplasia – Discuss the diagnosis and management.	16	35	15
II. Write notes on:			
1. Types of GnRH Analogues and its uses in Gynaecology.	4	10	7
2. Current trends in management of Chorio Carcinoma	4	10	7
3. Define Aria – Stella reaction and its clinical relevance.	4	10	7
4. Role of Doppler in ovarian tumours.	4	10	7
5. Ovarian Hyper Stimulation Syndrome in infertility.	4	10	7
6. Define Ectropion and discuss its management.	4	10	7
7. Indications of Minilapratomy. Write a note on its advantages	s. 4	10	7
8. Management of Stress incontinence.	4	10	7
9. Indications and complications of Laparoscopic myomectomy	y. 4	10	7
10. Hystroscopy and its applications in Gynaecology.	4	10	7

[LB 1505] OCTOBER 2012 Sub. Code: 3005 DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: 3 hours Maximum: 100 marks

(180 Min)

Answer ALL questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on :	Pages (Max.)	Time (Max.)	Marks (Max.)
1. Discuss the diagnosis and management of multiple fibroid in 30 year old nulliparous woman.	16	35	15
2. Evaluate primary amenorrhoea.	16	35	15
II. Write notes on :			
1. CDC Criteria for PID and indications for hospitalization	n. 4	10	7
2. Write in detail about HPO Axis.	4	10	7
3. Bethesda system of classification in Carcinoma Cervix	. 4	10	7
4. Diagnosis, clinical features and treatment of Moniliasis	s. 4	10	7
5. Write a note on Dermoid cyst and its management.	4	10	7
6. Indications and actions of Depo – Provera	4	10	7
7. Enumerate the Tubal patency tests	4	10	7
8. Role of Cryosurgery in Gynaecology.	4	10	7
9. Female condom.	4	10	7
10. MTP ACT.	4	10	7

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on: (2X15=30)

1. Describe the etiopathogenesis & management of Pelvic inflammatory disease.

2. 52 year old post menopausal lady presented with bleeding per vaginum of 3 weeks duration. How will you evaluate and arrive at a Diagnosis. How will you treat a case of carcinoma endometrium.

II. Write notes on: (10X7=70)

- 1. Injectable contraceptives
- 2. Vasectomy
- 3. Second trimester MTP
- 4. Turner's syndrome
- 5. Intrauterine insemination
- 6. Puberty menorrhagia
- 7. Colposcopy
- 8. Investigation for male factor infertility
- 9. Ultrasonography in gynaecology
- 10. Dysgerminoma

(LD 1505) OCTOBER 2013 Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on: (2X15=30)

1. Describe the etiopathogenesis, clinical features, investigation and management of genital tuberculosis.

2. 65 years old lady presented with mass abdomen for 3 months duration. How will you evaluate and arrive at a diagnosis? How will you treat a case of ovarian malignancy?

II. Write notes on: (10X7=70)

- 1. Contraception for adolescents.
- 2. Hirsutism.
- 3. Medical methods of first trimester MTP.
- 4. Tubal factors of infertility.
- 5. Vault prolapse.
- 6. Conization of cervix.
- 7. Adenomyosis.
- 8. Hysteroscopy.
- 9. Complications of ovarian tumour.
- 10. Genital herpes infection.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P.Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on: (2X15=30)

- 1. Causes/investigations/management of abnormal uterine bleeding in reproductive age group.
- 2. Risk factors/prevention/management of vault prolapse.

II. Write notes on: (10X7=70)

- 1. Antimullerian Hormone.
- 2. Transvaginal ultrasound in infertility.
- 3. Hyperandrogenism in polycystic ovarian syndrome.
- 4. Non hormonal therapy for menopausal woman.
- 5. Therapeutic uses of Gonodatrophines.
- 6. Newer Oral Contraceptive pills.
- 7. Risk factors for Endrometrial hyperplasia.
- 8. Indications for Laparoscopy.
- 9. Streak Gonads.
- 10. Risk factors for endometriosis.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P.Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Risk factors, screening, staging and management of stage IB, carcinoma cervix.

2. Causes of anovulation, tests for ovulation and medical methods for augmentation of ovulation.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Emergency contraception.
- 2. Endometrial ablation.
- 3. Etiology of endometriosis.
- 4. Gonadal dysgenesis.
- 5. Vault prolapse.
- 6. Germ cell tumors of ovary.
- 7. Congenital adrenal hyperplasia (CAH)
- 8. Cabergolin.
- 9. Doppler in gynaecology.
- 10. Site specific defect of pelvic floor.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Risk factors, symptoms, signs, staging, prognostic factors and management of stage I endometrial carcinoma.

2. How will you manage a case of Puberty Menorrhagia?

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Intra- uterine Insemination.
- 2. Premenstrual Syndrome.
- 3. Medical Management of Polycystic Ovarian Disease.
- 4. Dysgerminoma.
- 5. Follow up of Vesicular Mole.
- 6. Neo-adjuvant Chemotherapy in Ovarian Cancer.
- 7. Diagnostic Hystero- Laparoscopy.
- 8. Vulvo- vaginal Candidiasis.
- 9. Cervical Fibroid.
- 10. Contraception for Women above 40 years.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Etiology, predisposing factors and classification of prolapse uterus and discuss the uterine preserving surgeries in prolapse uterus of reproductive age group.

2. Discuss the differential diagnosis/ investigations and management of abnormal uterine bleeding in perimenopausal age group.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Pap smear.
- 2. Conservative management of myoma uterus.
- 3. Hysteroscopy.
- 4. Germ cell tumor of ovary.
- 5. Secondary amenorrhoea.
- 6. Tubal recanalisation.
- 7. Nonhormonal oral contraceptive.
- 8. LNG intrauterine device.
- 9. Ovarian Reserve.
- 10. Conservative management of CIN.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P.Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Write about Predisposing factors, diagnosis, management and Prognosis of Gestational chorio carcinoma.

2. Write about Pathogenesis, classification, diagnosis and management of endometriosis.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Bacterial Vaginosis.
- 2. Role of GnRH in Gynaecology.
- 3. Borderline Ovarian Tumours.
- 4. Embryo Transfer.
- 5. Postmenopausal bleeding Causes.
- 6. Saline Infusion Sonography.
- 7. Ureteral injuries in Gynaec Surgeries.
- 8. Enterocoel.
- 9. LEEP (Loop Electrosurgical Excising Procedure).
- 10. Manual Vacuum Aspiration.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P.Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Describe the clinical features and complicating of fibroid uterus. Elaborate on the recent advanced in medical management of fibroid uterus and the options of minimally invasive surgery.

2. Etiopathogenesis, investigations and management of polycystic ovarian disease.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Colposcopy.
- 2. Missed copper T.
- 3. Steps in Invitro fertilisation.
- 4. Medical management of endometriosis.
- 5. Androgen insensitivity syndrome.
- 6. Bacterial vaginosis.
- 7. Screening for ovarian malignancy.
- 8. Newer progestins.
- 9. Pneumo peritoneum related complications.
- 10. Benefits and risks of menopausal hormone therapy.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P.Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Describe the premalignant conditions staging of CA Endometrium. Discuss the pathology, clinical features and management.

2. Nulliparous prolapse. Diagnosis and management.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Chronic pelvic pain.
- 2. Second look surgery.
- 3. Third party reproduction.
- 4. Scar Endometriosis.
- 5. Puberty Menorrhagia.
- 6. AMH Anti Mullerian Hormone.
- 7. Fertility preservation in youngest oncology patient.
- 8. PPIUCD Postpartum Intrauterine Contraceptive Device.
- 9. Cryptomenorrhea.
- 10. Urodynamic studies.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

O.P.Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Define stress incontinence, pathophysiology risk factors, evaluation and management.

2. Describe the clinical features, diagnosis and management of pelvic Endometriosis.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. SERM (Selective Endrometrial Receptor Modulator).
- 2. Unexplained infertility.
- 3. MEA (Mesothermal Endometrial Ablation).
- 4. Long acting reversible contraceptives.
- 5. Premenstrual syndrome.
- 6. Intrauterine contraception.
- 7. Uterine Artery Embolization.
- 8. HPV- VACCINE.
- 9. Painful bladder syndrome.
- 10. Pyometra.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P.Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Define Infertility. Enumerate causes in both male and female. How will you investigate Infertility in female?

2. Write about management of Carcinoma Cervix stage I B₂.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Operative Hysteroscopy.
- 2. Vault Prolapse.
- 3. Sertoli Leydig cell Tumour.
- 4. Laser in Gynaecology.
- 5. Medical management for ectopic pregnancy.
- 6. Senile Vaginitis.
- 7. Tubo ovarian mass.
- 8. Oral contraceptives complications and benefits.
- 9. Mullerian agenesis.
- 10. Adenomyosis.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

 Gestational Trophoblastic Diseases – definition, classification, Etiopathology, diagnosis and Management of Persistent Trophoblastic Disease.

2. Abnormal uterine Bleeding – definition, classification, Etiopathology and Management of AUB in Women with age > 40 yrs (Premenopausal).

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Colpocleisis.
- 2. Germ cell Tumours of the Ovary.
- 3. Male Infertility.
- 4. Vulvar Intra Epithelial Neoplasia (VIN).
- 5. URGE URINARY INCONTINENCE definition, diagnosis and management.
- 6. Premature ovarian failure.
- 7. Contraception in women above the age of 40 years.
- 8. Various types of cytotoxic drugs and their toxicity.
- 9. Indications and complications of myomectomy.
- 10. Assessment of Ovarian Reserve.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Etiopathogenesis, Clinical Features, investigation and management of stage I endometrial carcinoma.

2. 15 yrs old girl presenting with pain and mass abdomen. Discuss differential diagnosis of mass abdomen in pubertal age. Evaluation and management of ovarian mass in pubertal age.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Myolysis.
- 2. Radiotherapy in carcinoma cervix.
- 3. Ureteral injuries.
- 4. CDC guidelines for acute PID.
- 5. Ovarian hyperstimulation.
- 6. WHO scoring for gestational trophoblastic disease.
- 7. Breast self examination.
- 8. Antara, chaya.
- 9. Bacterial vaginosis.
- 10. Medical management of first trimester MTP.

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Squamocolumnar junction, pathogenesis of CIN, outline the treatment of CIN.

2. Pelvic organ prolapse – staging and etiology of pelvic organ prolapse and treatment of Procidentia in a 60 years old female.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Uterine artery Embolisation.
- 2. Endometrial Hyperplasia.
- 3. STEM CELL BANK.
- 4. Osteoporosis in Women.
- 5. Tumour markers in Gynaecology.
- 6. Emergency contraceptives.
- 7. Pruritus vulvae.
- 8. Brachytherapy in the treatment of cancer cervix.
- 9. Leucorrhoea definition and differential diagnosis of vaginal discharge.
- 10. Vaginal septum.

AUGUST 2020 (MAY 2020 SESSION)

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Causes for mass per abdomen in a 45 year old woman. Discuss the types of fibroid, clinical features and management of fibroid.

2. Discuss causes, diagnosis and management of ovulatory infertility.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Vault prolapse
- 2. Secondary amenorrhoea
- 3. Vasectomy
- 4. Management of PCOS
- 5. FIGO staging of Ca Cx
- 6. Natural methods of family planning
- 7. Ovarian cancer immunotherapy
- 8. Scar endometriosis
- 9. Vulvovaginal candidiasis
- 10. Fertility preservation

NOVEMBER 2020 (OCTOBER 2020 SESSION)

Sub. Code: 3005

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. 65 year old lady presents with post menopausal bleeding. Discuss the causes and management of stage I b Ca Cx.

2. Endometriosis – Definition, etiopathogenesis, staging and management.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Injectable contraceptives
 - 2. Chemotherapy in epithelial ovarian tumour
 - 3. Bartholin cyst
 - 4. HIFU
 - 5. Semen analysis
 - 6. Precocious puberty
 - 7. Stress incontinence
 - 8. Endometrial ablation
 - 9. Ovarian reserve

10.PSTT

(MAY 2021 SESSION)

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION

GYNAECOLOGY INCLUDING FAMILY WELFARE

Q.P. Code: 343005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

1. Etiology of endometriosis and discuss in detail about management.

2. Discuss about the risk factors, staging and management of carcinoma cervix stage IIa.

II. Write notes on: $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

- 1. Insulin sensitisers.
- 2. Pelvic inflammatory disease.
- 3. Chemotherapy of advanced epithelial ovarian carcinoma.
- 4. Selective estrogen receptor modulators.
- 5. Depot medroxyprogesterone acetate.
- 6. Emergency contraception.
- 7. Vasomotor symptoms of menopause.
- 8. Meyer Rokitansky syndrome.
- 9. Sling surgery in uterine prolapse.
- 10. Fertility sparing treatment of endometrial cancer.