APRIL 2001

[KD 1518]

Sub. Code: 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY --- THERAPY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Paper II — GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO THERAPY INCLUDING RADIO BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1.	Describe the management of Seminoma Testes.					
						(25)
2.	Principles	of	Hormone	Therapy	in	Cancer
Bre	ast — Descri	be.				(25)

3. Write short notes on : $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

(a) Hyper Fractionation

(b) CA-125 and CEA

- (c) Mammography in Ca Breast
- (d) Gamma Knife

(e) I 131.

NOVEMBER 2001

[KE 1518]

Sub. Code : 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY – THERAPY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Paper II — GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1. Discuss about the whole body effects of irradiation and their management. (25)

2. What are the stages of carcinoma of urinary bladder? Discuss the management of carcinoma of bladder. (25)

3. Write briefly on : $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

(a) Importance of cell-survival curve in Radiotherapy

- (b) RBE as a function of LET
- (c) Dose rate effects in tumors
- (d) Four "R"s of radiobiology
- (e) Radioprotectors.

[KG 1518]

Sub. Code : 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY – THERAPY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part II

Paper I — GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1. Discuss the rationale of combining various modalities of treatments in the management malignant tumours. (25)

2. Discuss the cell cycle and its relevance to radiotherapy and chemotherapy. (25)

3. Write short notes on : $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

(a) Oncogenes.

(b) Stereotactic X-knife.

(c) Pulsed Dose Rate (PDR).

(d) Integrated net working in Radiotherapy.

(e) Altered fractionation.

SEPTEMBER 2002

[KH 1518]

Sub. Code : 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY-THERAPY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Paper II — GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO THERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1. Analyse the importance of Time, Dose and Fractionation in Radiotherapy. (25)

2. What are the late effects of radiation? Discuss them in detail. (25)

3. Write briefly on : $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- (a) Classification and staging of testicular tumors
- (b) Radiation cataractogenesis
- (c) Growth kinetics of human tumors
- (d) OER as a function of LET
- (e) Different methods of heating in hyperthermia.

APRIL 2003

[KI 1518]

Sub. Code : 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY THERAPY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Paper I — GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO THERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1.	Discuss	the	management	of	Carcinoma
Nag	opharynx.		2.4		(25)

2. Discuss the rationale of various fractionations in radiotherapy. (25)

Write short notes on : (5 × 10 = 50)

(a) Strontium therapy

(b) Tumor markers

(c) Hyperthermia

(d) X-knife

(e) Osteo sarcoma.

OCTOBER 2003

[KJ 1518]

Sub. Code: 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY THERAPY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Paper I — GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Time :	Three hours	Maximum : 100 marks
Theory	: Two hours and forty minutes	Theory : 80 marks
	222 B	

M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes M.C.Q. : 20 marks

M.C.Q. must be answered SEPARATELY on the answer sheet provided as per the instructions given on the first page of M.C.Q. Booklet.

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay: (2 × 15 = 30)

(1) Discuss the clinical applications of modern day Brachy therapy. Describe any one type in detail including the clinical situation used.

(2) Discuss the staging of Testicular Tumors. How do you manage seminomatous testicular tumors? Discuss both Radiotherapy and Chemotherapy.

- II. Write short notes on : $(10 \times 5 = 50)$
 - (1) Cell survival curves.
 - (2) Key Altered Fractionation in Radiotherapy.
 - (3) Dose rate.
 - (4) High LET radiations.
 - (5) Post operative Radiotherapy.
 - (6) Oxygen Effect.
 - (7) Percentage depth dose.
 - (8) Interstitial Brachytherapy of Breast.
 - (9) Alkylarng agents.
 - (10) Neoadjuvant chemotherapy.

2

AUGUST 2004

[KL 1518]

Sub. Code : 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY THERAPY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Paper I — GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

 Time
 : Three hours
 Maximum : 100 marks

 Theory : Two hours and forty minutes
 Theory : 80 marks

 M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes
 M.C.Q. : 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay: (2 × 15 = 30)

 Describe the various tumours of Maxillary Antrum. Describe the Radio therapeutic management of Squamous Cell Ca Maxillary Antrum.

(2) Discuss the staging of Ovarian Cancer. Describe the Radio therapeutic treatment of Stage I Dysgerminoma ovary.

- II. Write short notes on : $(10 \times 5 = 50)$
 - (a) Basal Cell Carcinoma.
 - (b) Linear Quadratic model.
 - (c) Medullary Carcinoma Thyroid.
 - (d) Sentinel Node Biopsy.
 - (e) Retinoblastoma.
 - (f) Electron Beam.
 - (g) Intensity Modulated Radiotherapy.
 - (h) Gamma Knife.
 - (i) Technetium 99 m.

(j) BEP (Bleomycin Etoposide Cis Platin) Chemotherapy.

2

[KL 1518]

FEBRUARY 2005

[KM 1518]

Sub. Code : 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY THERAPY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part II

Paper I — GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Time : Three hours	Maximum :	100 marks
Theory : Two hours and	Theory :	80 marks
forty minutes		
M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes	M.C.Q. :	20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay: (2 × 15 = 30)

 Discuss time, dose and fractionation factors in Radiation therapy.

(2) What are the interactions of X or Gamma rays with matter? Discuss in brief.

- II. Short notes : $(10 \times 5 = 50)$
 - (a) Half Value Layer.
 - (b) Shielding blocks.
 - (c) Difference between X-Rays and Gamma Rays.
 - (d) Thimble Chamber.
 - (e) Radiosensitizers.
 - (f) Paris system.
 - (g) Integral dose.
 - (h) Percentage depth dose.

2

- (i) Tissue compensator.
- (j) Cesium 137.

[KM 1518]

[KO 1518]

Sub. Code : 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY THERAPY EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Time : Three hours	Maximum : 100 marks		
Theory : Two hours and forty minutes	Theory :	80 marks	
M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes	M.C.Q. :	20 marks	

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

- I. Essay: (2 × 15 = 30)
 - (1) Discuss the altered fractionation schedules.
 - (2) Discuss gone therapy.
- II. Short notes: $(10 \times 5 = 50)$
 - (a) Cyclotron.
 - (b) Penumbra

- (c) Hyperthermia
- (d) Stereotactic Radio Surgery.
- (e) I¹²⁵
- (f) Electron Beam therapy.
- (g) Intra operative Radiation.
- (h) Chart.
- (i) Tumour Kinetics.
- (j) NSD concept.

[KQ 1518]

Sub. Code : 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY THERAPY EXAMINATION

Paper II — GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Common to

(Candidates admitted from 1993-94 onwards)

and

(Candidates admitted from 2004-05 onwards)

Tin	ne : Three hours	Maximum : 100 marks
Theory : Two hours and		Theory : 80 marks
	forty minutes	
M.(C.Q. : Twenty minutes	M.C.Q. : 20 marks
	Answer ALL	questions.
	Draw suitable diagram	s wherever necessary.
I.	Essay :	$(1 \times 20 = 20)$
1. and	Describe the interaction its clinical applications.	ns of radiation with matter

II. Essay: (2 × 15 = 30)

2. Discuss the role of chemotherapy and chemo irradiation in colorectal cancers. Discuss Electron beam therapy and its clinical applications.

- III. Short notes : $(6 \times 5 = 30)$
 - (a) Acute effects of total body irradiation.
 - (b) Effect of radiation on the eye.
 - (c) Paclitaxol.
 - (d) Hyperfractionation.
 - (e) Apoptosis.
 - (f) Biologic effects of radiation.

[KQ 1518]

[KS 1518]

Time : Three hours

Sub. Code : 3026

Maximum : 100 marks

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOLOGY THERAPY EXAMINATION.

Paper II — GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

(Common to all regulations)

Q.P. Code: 343026

Answer ALL questions. Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary. Ι. $(2 \times 20 = 40)$ Write essay on : 1. Discuss the role of Neo Adjuvant and Concurrent Radiation in Cervical cancer. (20)2. Describe the planning and execution of Dog Leg field radiation in Seminoma Testis. (20)II. Write short notes on: $(10 \times 6 = 60)$ 1. Strandquists Curve 2. Radioprotectors 3. Biological Effective Dose 4. Apoptosis 5. Manchester Technique 6. Endovascular Brachytherapy 7.Tomotherapy 8. Sublethal damage 9. Surface moulds Iodine 125. 10.

September 2008

[KT 1518]

Sub. Code: 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY EXAMINATION.

Paper II – GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code: 343026

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

(2 X 20 = 40)

(10 X 6 = 60)

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions :

- 1. What is meant by OLIGODENDROGLIOMA and the approach to management Discuss.
- 2. Describe RETINOBLASTOMA and its management.

II. Write short notes on :

- 1. Boost field.
- 2. DNA (Deoxy Ribonucleic Acid).
- 3. P 53 Gene.
- 4. HDR Brachy.
- 5. Mould therapy.
- 6. Basal cell carcinoma skin.
- 7. Her 2 neu.
- 8. Human papiloma virus.
- 9. Hemibody Radiotherapy.
- 10. Hypoxic sensitizers.

MARCH -2009

[KU 1518]

Sub. Code: 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY EXAMINATION. Paper II – GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY

INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code : 343026

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions : (2 X 20 = 40)

- 1. Discuss radiation response modulators with suitable examples and diagrams under the following heading:
 - a) Chemical radio sensitizers and protectors.
 - b) Biologic response modifiers.
- 2. List some of the clinical situations where radiochemotherapy has been more advantageous. Discuss the rationale and various techniques that can be followed in radiochemotherapy.

II. Write short notes on : $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

- 1. Tumour volumes as per ICRU Report No.50.
- 2. Cellcycle specific chemotherapeutic drugs.
- 3. Discuss field matching with suitable examples.
- 4. Radio biologic rationale of Brachytherapy.
- 5. Intraoperative radiation therapy.
- 6. Drug resistance and the genetics involved in it.
- 7. Explain with graphs a) Radio sensitivity b) Radio curability c) Radio resistant. d) Therapeutic ratio.
- 8. Which all cranial nerves get involved in a nasopharyngeal cancer. Discuss with diagrams.
- 9. Photodynamic therapy.
- 10. Hyperthermia.

September - 2009

[KV 1518]

Sub. Code: 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY EXAMINATION.

Paper II – GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY (Common to all candidates) *Q.P. Code : 343026*

Time : Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions : $(2 \times 20 = 40)$

1. Discuss about the areas of multi pronged approach in oncology and its value.

2. Carcinoma cervix and radiotherapy – Discuss.

II. Write short notes on : $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

- 1. Oxygen enhancement ratio.
- 2. Pain syndromes and therapy.
- 3. Acute radiation syndromes (whole body radiation humans).
- 4. Organs TD 5/5 tissue doses and morbidity.
- 5. Mycosis fungoides.
- 6. Plasma cell tumor.
- 7. Beta HCG.
- 8. Granulocyte colony stimulating factor.
- 9. Cell cycle and irradiation.
- 10. Iodine 131.

Answer ALL questions

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary

I. Essay questions :

Time : Three hours

[KW 1518]

- 1. Explain the various steps involved in three dimensional conformal radiation therapy planning. Explain with diagrams the types of DVH used in 3D CRT planning.
- 2. What is the basis of fractionation? What is conventional fractionation? Write briefly on altered fractionation and its clinical advantages. Explain linear-quadratic model in-fractionation.

II. Write short notes on :

- 1. Monoclonal antibodies in use in cancer treatment.
- 2. Febrile neutropenia with comment on G-CSF.
- 3. Mantle field and IFRT in management of Hodgkin's lymphoma.
- 4. Toxicities of Anthracycline use and ways to prevent it.
- 5. Phase III clinical trials.
- 6. Endovascular brachytherapy.
- 7. Chronic myeloid leukemia.
- 8. SIADH.
- 9. Benign lesions and radiotherapy.
- 10. Bisphosphonates.

March 2010

Sub. Code: 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY **INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY**

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code : 343026

 $(2 \ge 20 = 40)$

 $(10 \ge 6 = 60)$

Maximum : 100 marks

[KX 1518] DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THEF EXAMINATION.	Sub. Code: 3026 RAPY (D.M.R.T.)
Part II-Paper I for Candidates admitted upto 2003- from 2008-09 onwards	04 & Candidates admitted
And Paper II for Candidates admitted from 20	04-05 to 2007-08
GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND	OTHERAPY ONCOLOGY
Q.P. Code : 343026	
Time : Three hours Draw suitable diagram wherever n Answer ALL questions.	Maximum : 100 marks ecessary.
I. Essay questions :	(2 X 20 = 40)
1. Discuss the biologic effects of radiation.	
2. Discuss electron therapy.	
II. Write short notes on :	(10 X 6 = 60)
1. Radiation cataract.	
2. Hypoxic cell sensitizers.	
3. Linear energy transfer.	
4. Rectal morbidity.	
5. Radio sensitizers.	
6. Hemibody Radiotherapy.	
7. Benign lesions and radiotherapy.	
8. Cell cycle and irradiation.	

September 2010

- 9. Bloom Richardson grading in breast cancer.
- 10. Oncogenes and tumour suppressor genes.

APRIL 2011

[KY 1518]

Sub. Code: 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY Q.P. Code : 343026

Time : 3 hours (180 Min)

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on :		Time (Max.)	Marks (Max.)
1. Discuss cell cycle and its relevance to radiotherapy.	11	35	15
2. Discuss management of Ewing's Sarcoma.	11	35	15
II. Write notes on :			
1. Altered fractionation in Radiotherapy.	4	10	7
2. Radiation proctitis.	4	10	7
3. Interstitial Brachytherapy of Breast.	4	10	7
4. Retinoblastoma.	4	10	7
5. Basal cell carcinoma of skin.	4	10	7
6. Oxygen effect.	4	10	7
7. Craniopharyngioma.	4	10	7
8. Emergency irradiation.	4	10	7
9. Oncogenes and tumour suppressor genes.	4	10	7
10. Dose rate.	4	10	7

[LA 1518]

April 2012

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 343026

Time : 3 hours (180 Min)

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on:	Pages (Max.)	Time (Max.)	Marks (Max.)
1. Describe the various methods of Radiotherapy applications order to maximize the tumor dose and minimise the normal tissue dose and explain its radiobiological basis.	in 16	35	15
2. Explain the different phases of cell cycle and interactions of the same with Radiotherapy, chemotherapy and hyperthermit	a. 16	35	15
II. Write notes on :			
1. Describe the Skin appendageal malignant tumors.	4	10	7
2. Describe the Osteoblastic bone secondaries.	4	10	7
3. Describe the management of Cancer of the Ethmoidal sinuse	s. 4	10	7
4. Describe the management of Cancer Posterior third Tongue.	4	10	7
5. Describe the management of Pancreatic Cancer.	4	10	7
6. Describe the treatment of Squamous Cell carcinoma of the bl	adder.4	10	7
7. Describe Liver Secondaries and its management.	4	10	7
8. Describe Metabolic complications of cancer and its treatmen	t. 4	10	7
9. Describe the Paraneoplastic Syndrome.	4	10	7
10. Describe the guidelines of Cervical Cancer Screening.	4	10	7

APRIL 2013

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P. Code : 343026

Time: Three Hours

I. Elaborate on:

1. Discuss the radiobiology of altered fractionation

2. Discuss the role of Brachytherapy in Head and Neck Cancer

II. Write notes on:

(10X7=70)

1.Describe the application of Perineal Template

2.Describe the Chestwall radiation therapy in cancer breast

3.Describe the Management of nodes in cancer Penis

4.Describe the Basis of Oblique fields in Cancer Cervical Oesophagus

5.Describe the Ependymoma of the Spinal Cord

6.Describe the management of Ewings Sarcoma

7. Discuss the applications of Tumor Markers

8.Describe the Immobilisation in Radiation Therapy

9.Discuss Guidelines for treating Paedaetric Patients in Radiation

10.Describe the Ratinoale for treating Benign tumors with Radiation

(2X15=30)

Maximum: 100 marks

*2*014

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING

RADIOBIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P. Code :343026

Maximum : 100 marks

Time : Three Hours

- I. Elaborate on:
 - 1. Discuss the role of Brachytherapy in the management of Malignancy.
 - 2. Describe the radiobiological basis of oxygen enhancement Ratio.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Describe the treatment of Small Cell Lung Cancer.
- 2. Describe the management of Mediastinal mass.
- 3. Describe the Significance of tumor markers.
- 4. Describe the management of Bone Secondaries.
- 5. Describe the role of Radiation in Fibromatosis.
- 6. Describe the Management of recurrent Gliomas.
- 7. Describe the basis Chemoradiation.
- 8. Describe the Radioablation in cancer management.
- 9. Describe the Radiation Reactions in Pelvic cancers.
- 10. Describe the basis of Oblique Fields in radiation.

[LE 1518]

Sub. Code: 3026

(2X15=30)

(10X7=70)

[LG 1518]

APRIL 2015

Sub. Code: 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO THERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P. Code : 343026

Time: Three Hours	Maximum: 100 marks
I. Elaborate on:	$(2 \ge 15 = 30)$
1. Discuss the principles behind multi-modality treatment in can	cer.
2. Discuss Electron therapy - physical aspects and its clinical app	plications.
II. Write notes on:	(10 x 7 = 70)
1. Bloom Richardson grading in breast cancer.	
2. Linear energy transfer.	
3. Late rectal complications and their management.	
4. Biological basis for accelerated fractionation.	
5. Biological Effective Dose (BED).	
6. Role of tumor markers in management.	
7. Intra operative radiotherapy.	
8. Role of Radiation in Acute Lymphoblastic leukaemia.	

- 9. Oncologic emergencies.
- 10. Linear Quadratic model.

APRIL 2016

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO THERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P.Code: 343026

I. Elaborate on: (2 1. Mechanisms involved in Carcinogenesis. 2. Indications, Dose, Treatment methods and complications of Craniospinal Irradiation.

II. Write notes on:

Time: Three Hours

- 1. Sensitization of Hypoxic Cells.
- 2. Radiotherapy after Breast Conserving Surgery.
- 3. Adjuvant radiotherapy for carcinoma endometrium.
- 4. Neoadjuvant radiotherapy in rectal cancer.
- 5. Parametrial boost in cervical cancer.
- 6. Late effects of cranial irradiation.
- 7. Radiation for osteosarcoma.
- 8. Immobilization for head and neck RT.
- 9. Radiation for Parotid Tumours.
- 10. Chemoradiotherapy in Locally Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer.

$(2 \ge 15 = 30)$

Maximum: 100 Marks

(10 x 7 = 70)

OCTOBER 2016

Sub. Code:3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO THERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P.Code: 343026

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on:

$(2 \ge 15 = 30)$

- 1. Describe Hypo fractionated Radiotherapy and its Radiobiological basis.
- 2. Describe quality assurance procedures adopted in Radiotherapy practices Treatment verification procedures in Linear Accelerator.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Total body Radiation.
- 2. Hypoxic cell sensitizers.
- 3. Radiation cataract.
- 4. Cell cycle.
- 5. Skin sparing effect.
- 6. Radio Biological basis of LDR and HDR.
- 7. Management of glottis cancer in stage I.
- 8. Role of radiotherapy in parotid tumours.
- 9. Hyperthermia.
- 10. Oxygen enhancement ratio.

 $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO THERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P.Code: 343026

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

 $(2 \ge 15 = 30)$

 $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Repair of Radiation Damage and the Dose-Rate Effect.
- 2. Brachytherapy in cervical cancer.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Photodynamic Therapy.
- 2. Post Mastectomy Radiotherapy.
- 3. Adjuvant radiotherapy for oral cavity cancer.
- 4. Neoadjuvant chemoradiotherapy in rectal cancer.
- 5. Immobilization for craniospinal radiation.
- 6. Radiotherapy for pituitary adenoma.
- 7. Radiotherapy in Anaplastic Carcinoma of Thyroid.
- 8. Modifiers of radiation response.
- 9. Skin reactions during radiotherapy.
- 10. Trans Arterial Chemo-Embolization.

MAY 2018

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO THERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P.Code: 343026

Time: Three Hours

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Discuss the biological basis of concurrent chemo radiation with suitable examples.
- 2. Discuss merits and demerits of LDR Brachytherapy and HDR Brachytherapy.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Oncogenes and tumour suppressor genes.
- 2. Benign lesions and radiotherapy.
- 3. Radio sensitizers.
- 4. Hemi body Radiotherapy.
- 5. Gamma Knife.
- 6. Adaptive Radiation therapy.
- 7. Postoperative Radiation therapy.
- 8. Radiation recall phenomenon.
- 9. Management of Brain stem glioma.
- 10. Role of radiotherapy in carcinoma penis.

Maximum: 100 Marks

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

 $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

OCTOBER 2018

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO THERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 343026

Time: Three Hours

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Discuss Hypo fractionation and its clinical applications with advantage / disadvantages.
- 2. Discuss in detail Oxygen Enhancement Ratio and methods to overcome hypoxia.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Radio protectors.
- 2. Oncogenes.
- 3. Null hypothesis.
- 4. p 53.
- 5. Accelerated fractionation.
- 6. EGFR modulators.
- 7. Field in field therapy.
- 8. Cranio spinal radiation.
- 9. HPV vaccination.
- 10. Cancer screening.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

Maximum: 100 Marks

 $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

Maximum: 100 Marks

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIO THERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIO THERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 343026

Time: Three Hours

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Define stereotactic radiotherapy and stereotactic radiosurgery. What are the radiobiologic considerations in relation to above? Describe in brief radiosurgical techniques employed in treatment of tumor.
- 2. Describe the radiation treatment techniques available for a 9 year old boy diagnosed to have Craniopharyngioma. Explain the techniques briefly along with dose constraints of Organs at Risk (OAR).

II. Write notes on:

 $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

 $(2 \ge 15 = 30)$

- 1. Risk stratification and seminoma and non-seminomatous testicular tumours.
- 2. Luminal classification of breast cancer and its significance in the management of breast cancer.
- 3. Discuss the rationale for chemoirradiation in carcinoma cervix.
- 4. Use of PET CT in radiotherapy planning.
- 5. Analyse the importance of Time, Distance and Fractionation in Radiotherapy.
- 6. Indications for radiotherapy in benign conditions. Discuss any one condition in detail with technique and radiotherapy prescription.
- 7. Discuss the indications for external beam radiotherapy and vaginal mold brachytherapy for carcinoma of endometrium.
- 8. Role of radiotherapy in carcinoma maxillary antrum. Discuss the radiation treatment and technique with suitable diagram.
- 9. Immunohistochemsitry of malignant round cell tumour in making definite diagnosis.
- 10. Cyber knife.

OCTOBER 2019

Sub. Code: 3026

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOTHERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 343026

Time: Three Hours

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Discuss various fractionation schedules and their clinical significance.
- 2. Discuss in detail Relative Biological Effectiveness and factors modifying the same.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Oxygen Enhancement Ratio.
- 2. Dose volume histogram.
- 3. Treatment planning algorithms.
- 4. Hazard Ratio.
- 5. Meta analysis.
- 6. p 53 mutation.
- 7. Recist criteria.
- 8. Radio-iodine therapy.
- 9. Norton Simon Hypothesis.
- 10. Molecular targets in cancer treatment.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

Maximum: 100 Marks

(10 x 7 = 70)

AUGUST 2020 (MAY 2020 SESSION)

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOTHERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 343026

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Discuss the Biological Basis of fractionation. Compare the various fractionation schedules, and discuss the radiobiological factor targeted in concomitant boost radiotherapy.
- 2. Discuss molecular pathophysiology of tumor.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Discuss management of cystisarcoma phylloides.
- 2. Discuss the vascular access in cancer treatment.
- 3. Short notes on radiation response modifiers.
- 4. Nominal Standard Dose (NSD) and Time Dose Fractionation (TDF).
- 5. Early and late sequelae of spinal cord irradiation.
- 6. SAD and SSD technique.
- 7. Clinical trials in oncology.
- 8. Oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes.
- 9. After loading technique in brachytherapy.
- 10. Pain management in oncology.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

(10 x 7 = 70)

1. Boron Neutron capture theory.

- 2. Radiosensitivity and radiocurability.
- 3. Short notes on cancer immunotherapy.
- 4. Biology of metastasis.
- 5. Tumor markers.
- 6. Potential doubling time and biological equivalent dose.
- 7. Pre malignant lesions of oral cavity.
- 8. L.Q. model
- 9. Mamography.
- 10. Therapeutic index.

[LS 1518]

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOTHERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

NOVEMBER 2020

(OCTOBER 2020 SESSION)

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 343026

Time: Three Hours

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Discuss the biological basis of combining radiotherapy and surgery and discuss the management of T3N1M0 carcinoma Larynx in 45 year old male.
- 2. Discuss in detail the oncological emergencies.
- II. Write notes on:

Sub. Code: 3026

 $(2 \ge 15 = 30)$

Maximum: 100 Marks

 $(10 \times 7 = 70)$

JULY 2021 (MAY 2021 SESSION)

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL RADIOTHERAPY (DMRT) EXAMINATION

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF RADIOTHERAPY INCLUDING RADIO-BIOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

O.P. Code: 343026

Time: Three Hours

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Describe the staging workup and management of early breast cancer in young patients.
- 2. Describe the management of a case of pituitary adenoma in a 30 year old female.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Management of malignant melanoma.
- 2. LDR versus HDR brachytherapy.
- 3. Lutetium therapy.
- 4. Sub lethal damage.
- 5. Intracavitary therapy in carcinoma uterine cervix.
- 6. Role of Radiotherapy in neuroblastoma.
- 7. Cell survival curve.
- 8. Oxygen enhancement ratio.
- 9. Cell cycle.
- 10. Management of low grade astrocytoma.

Sub. Code: 3026

(10 x 7 = 70)

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

Maximum: 100 Marks