#### M.D. (HOMOEOPATHY) DEGREE EXAMINATION

#### PART – I

#### **BRANCH – III**

#### REPERTORY

O.P. Code: 443005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 20 = 40)$ 

1. How will you observe the mental symptoms during case taking and explain with example?

2. Give in brief the history, origin and development of Homoeopathic Repertories.

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 6 = 60)$ 

- 1. What did Hahnemann describe about Repertory in the preamble of Materia Medica Pura?
- 2. Describe the role of Homoeopaths in the development of the Repertory during Hahnemannian era.
- 3. What is coin playing techniques and its limitations?
- 4. Footnote of aphorism 90.
- 5. Logical utilitarian group of Repertories.
- 6. Who is the Father of Card Repertory? Write about evolution of Card Repertories.
- 7. Repertory and Materia Medica are complimentary to each other Justify.
- 8. "Every Repertory is useful and no one is complete" Justify.
- 9. What are the different logics used to classify the Repertories?
- 10. Explain "stoics".

#### M.D. (HOMOEOPATHY) DEGREE EXAMINATION

#### PART - I

#### **BRANCH - III**

#### REPERTORY

Q.P. Code: 443005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 20 = 40)$ 

1. What is chronic disease? What are the types according to Hahnemann? Discuss the difficulties faced by the physician during the chronic cases.

2. How homoeopathic software's help in record keeping? Explain it in various software's.

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 6 = 60)$ 

- 1. Contributions of Lippe and Jahr in development of Repertories.
- 2. What is the role of Repertories in one sided diseases?
- 3. What is the Concordance Repertory and its needs according to William Gentry?
- 4. What is the plain paper method and its advantages in Repertorisation?
- 5. "Well taken case is half cure" Elizabeth Wright Explain.
- 6. Describe the audio-visual technique of Repertorisation.
- 7. Footnote of aphorism 93.
- 8. "Boenninghausen is the father of Repertory" justify.
- 9. It is impossible to practice Homoeopathy without the aid of Repertories and the best Repertory is fullest. Explain.
- 10. Explain false modesty during case taking.

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### NOVEMBER 2020 (MAY 2020 SESSION)

Sub. Code: 3005

#### M.D. (HOMOEOPATHY) DEGREE EXAMINATION

PART - I

#### **BRANCH - III**

#### REPERTORY

Q.P. Code: 443005

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 20 = 40)$ 

- 1. What are the steps to repertories the case explain each step.
- 2. Define case taking and how will you observe objective symptoms during case taking and their role in selecting remedies.

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 6 = 60)$ 

- 1. Write short note on eliminating symptoms.
- 2. How is the knowledge of miasm helpful in the process of repertorisation- discuss.
- 3. Write short note on Alphabetical repertory.
- 4. Influence of kent on Boeninghausen's repertory.
- 5. It is impossible to practice homoeopathy without the aid of repertory J.H. Clarke Justify.
- 6. Aphorism 96.
- 7. Explain prescriptive value of concomitant symptoms with example.
- 8. Computer repertorisation replaced manual repertory Justify.
- 9. Explain Kent classification of symptom.
- 10. Classify repertory.

#### THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[MD(HOM.) 1221] DECEMBER 2021 Sub. Code: 3005 (MAY 2021 EXAM SESSION)

# M.D. (HOMOEOPATHY) DEGREE EXAMINATION PART – I (For candidates admitted from 2016-2017 onwards) BRANCH III – REPERTORY PAPER I – REPERTORY

Q.P. Code: 443005

Time: Three Hours Answer all questions Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 20 = 40)$ 

1. Write important features of well record case and importance of record keeping.

2. What is the contributions of Hahnemann in repertory and explain the development of Repertories till date?

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 6 = 60)$ 

- 1. Subtraction method of Repertorisation.
- 2. What is the advantage of card method of Repertorisation?
- 3. What are all the demerits of using the Repertories and give your suggestion to overcome it?
- 4. "That which seemingly confuses the case is the very thing that furnishes the clue to its solutions." Explain.
- 5. How to do Repertorisation with sector totality?
- 6. Classify the clinical repertories with examples and explain its adaptability.
- 7. How Repertory helps to collect the mental symptoms?
- 8. Which is the first Indian repertory? Evolution of Repertories in India.
- 9. Foot note of aphorism 102.
- 10. What is the instruction of Hahnemann in intermittent diseases?

#### THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[MD(HOM.) 0822] AUGUST 2022 Sub. Code: 3005

(MAY 2022 EXAM SESSION)

## M.D. (HOMOEOPATHY) DEGREE EXAMINATION PART – I (For candidates admitted from 2016-2017 onwards) BRANCH III – REPERTORY PAPER I – REPERTORY

Q.P. Code: 443005

Time: Three Hours Answer all questions Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 20 = 40)$ 

1. What are all the difficulties in chronic case taking and its solutions according to Hahnemann?

2. Explain Hahnemann concept of mental diseases, how will you handle such a case?

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 6 = 60)$ 

- 1. Write short notes on intellectual symptom and its uses in selection of remedies.
- 2. Explain philosophy of repertory and Repertorisation.
- 3. Pre requisites of Repertorization.
- 4. Evaluate the art of case taking and selection of repertory in local disease.
- 5. Hahnemann's effort to make a repertory.
- 6. Repertorial syndrome.
- 7. Analogy of Boenninghausen Justify.
- 8. Success in Repertorising depends on ability to deal with symptoms explain.
- 9. Aphorism 94.
- 10. Complete and incomplete symptoms.

#### THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[MD(HOM.) 0823]

### AUGUST 2023

**Sub. Code: 3005** 

(MAY 2023 EXAM SESSION)

## M.D. (HOMOEOPATHY) DEGREE EXAMINATION PART – I (For candidates admitted from 2016-2017 onwards) BRANCH III – REPERTORY PAPER I – REPERTORY

Q.P. Code: 443005

Time: Three Hours Answer all questions Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 20 = 40)$ 

1. What do you mean by "Cross Repertorization" and what are the different methods of Cross Repertorization. Discuss the advantages in clinical practice.

2. Boenninghausen is Father of Repertory – Justify and Describe his contribution in Repertory compilation.

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 6 = 60)$ 

- 1. Write short note on Case taking in One sided diseases.
- 2. Substraction method of Repertorization.
- 3. What is "Quomodo"? Mention its importance in Repertorization.
- 4. Puritan group of Repertories.
- 5. Explain Aphorism 153.
- 6. Briefly describe Limitations of Repertories and Repertorization.
- 7. Write in short note Negative general symptom with examples.
- 8. Relative value of symptoms in Repertorization.
- 9. Scope and limitations of Homoeopathic soft wares.
- 10. Which are the Indian Repertories?