B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY (New Syllabus 2014-2015)

SECOND YEAR

PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer all questions

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. How will you identify ventricular tachycardia?

- 2. Discuss the indications, contraindications and precautions while doing treadmill test.
- 3. Discuss about localization of ischemia / infarction based on ECG.

II. Write Notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Discuss about ECG changes in hyperkalemia.
- 2. Discuss about primary and secondary T wave change.
- 3. Describe the progression of ECG changes in Acute myocardial infarction.
- 4. Discuss about LQTS.
- 5. Discuss about Estes criteria.
- 6. Discuss about Mobitz type I and II block.
- 7. Normal segments and intervals in ECG.
- 8. How will you diagnose supraventricular tachycardia?

III. Write Notes on: $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. Modified Chest leads.
- 2. Modified Bruce protocol.
- 3. Discuss about U waves.
- 4. Enumerate three points to diagnose Left Ventricular Hypertrophy.
- 5. Enumerate three points to diagnose a malignant VPC.
- 6. Discuss the applications of Holter.
- 7. Enumerate the ECG findings in right ventricular hypertrophy.
- 8. Draw LBBB ECG and list the changes to diagnose the same.
- 9. List three causes for tall T waves.
- 10. How will WPW syndrome manifest in ECG?

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY (New Syllabus 2014-2015)

SECOND YEAR

PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer all questions

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Discuss the ECG findings in ventricular tachycardia. How will you differentiate between ventricular tachycardia and supraventricular tachycardia?

- 2. How will you set a stress test laboratory? What are the precautions you will take during the test?
- 3. Discuss about the various types of Heart block.

II. Write Notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Discuss about ECG changes in hypokalemia.
- 2. Discuss about monophasic and biphasic shock.
- 3. How will you diagnose LVH?
- 4. Discuss about QT prolongation and its causes.
- 5. Discuss about ventricular Fibrillation.
- 6. Discuss about various ECG changes in exercise testing.
- 7. Normal segments and intervals in ECG.
- 8. How will Left circumflex infarction manifest on ECG?

III. Write Notes on: $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. Biatrial enlargement.
- 2. Modified Bruce protocol.
- 3. Connections of Holter.
- 4. Enumerate three points to diagnose RVH.
- 5. Enumerate three points to diagnose a malignant VPC.
- 6. Discuss the applications of Holter.
- 7. Enumerate the ECG findings in Left anterior hemiblock.
- 8. Non infarction Q waves.
- 9. Draw an ECG showing Atrial flutter and mark the salient features.
- 10. What is the difference between defibrillation and cardioversion?

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY

SECOND YEAR

PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer all questions

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Draw a normal ECG and explain changes in acute MI, how do you identify the coronary artery involvement?

- 2. Indications for holter, type of arrhythmias which can be detected by holter.
- 3. Various protocol in TMT and explain in detail about any one protocol.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Criteria for RVH.
- 2. 24 hours ambulatory Bp monitoring.
- 3. ECG features of AWMI.
- 4. WPW syndrome.
- 5. Indications and contraindications for TMT.
- 6. Ventricular arrhythmias.
- 7. ECG in various metabolic abnormalities.
- 8. LBBB and RBBB.

III. Short answers on:

- 1. P mitrale.
- 2. T-waves in ECG.
- 3. ECG features of hypokalemia.
- 4. Atrial arrhythmias.
- 5. Absolute contraindication of TMT.
- 6. LAHB.
- 7. ECG features of TOF.
- 8. Digoxin toxicity.
- 9. DC shock.
- 10. Causes for right axis deviation.

Sub. Code: 1532

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY

SECOND YEAR

PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer all questions

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Normal QRS axis and explain in detail about various QRS axis deviations and its causes.

- 2. Explain in detail about indication, contraindication and protocols of TMT.
- 3. Indications for 24 hours BP monitoring and its procedure.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. P waves anomalies in ECG.
- 2. ECG criteria for RVH.
- 3. ECG features for digoxin toxicity.
- 4. Various types of holter monitoring and abnormalities in holter.
- 5. Metabolic changes in ECG.
- 6. Types of heart block.
- 7. Causes for 't' wave inversion in ECG.
- 8. Normal Qt interval and various anamolies in Qt interval.

III. Short answers on:

- 1. RBBB.
- 2. LAHB and LPHB.
- 3. U wave in ECG.
- 4. Himalayan P wave.
- 5. ECG features of mitral stenosis.
- 6. Atrial flutter.
- 7. SVT.
- 8. Ventricular ectopics.
- 9. PR interval and abnormalities.
- 10. Draw Einthoven triangle.

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR

PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer all questions

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. ECG changes in acute MI and Delineation of coronary artery involvement.

- 2. Indications and contra indications in TMT.
- 3. Draw the conduction system and explain in detail about various types of heart blook.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Indications for holter analysis.
- 2. WPW syndrome.
- 3. Long QT syndrome.
- 4. Modified bruce protocol.
- 5. Indications for 24 Hrs BP monitoring.
- 6. P-wave abnormalities.
- 7. Causes of LAD in ECG.
- 8. LVH criteria.

III. Short answers on:

- 1. Digitalis toxicity.
- 2. ECG features of hyperkalemia.
- 3. ECG features of acute PTE.
- 4. Atrial flutter.
- 5. Himalayan P waves.
- 6. Epsilon waves.
- 7. Q-waves.
- 8. ECG paper speed.
- 9. RAD.
- 10. LAHB.

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR

PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer all questions

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Explain in detail about various protocols in TMT and indications for TMT.

- 2. Indications for holter analysis and write briefly about PPI.
- 3. Write an essay on Localization of Ischemia using ECG.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Causes of LAD in ECG.
- 2. Einthoven triangle.
- 3. SVT.
- 4. 24 Hrs BP monitoring.
- 5. LAHB and LPHB.
- 6. Sensitivity and specificity of stress test.
- 7. ECG changes in Hyperkalemia.
- 8. Sick sinus syndrome.

III. Short answers on:

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

Sub. Code: 1532

- 1. Brugada syndrome.
- 2. Himalayan P-waves.
- 3. Mobitz Types I block.
- 4. Duke Tread mill score.
- 5. Epsilon waves.
- 6. RBBB.
- 7. DC version.
- 8. P-Mitrale.
- 9. ECG changes in pericarditis.
- 10. ECG features of TOF.

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR

PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer all questions

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. What are the physiological changes that take place during exercise test?

- 2. Electrocardiographic and non electrocardiographic, features used in exercise testing for diagnosis of coronary artery disease.
- 3. Discuss about the various types of Heart block.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

1. What are the ECG features of right bundle branch block and left bundle branch block?

- 2. Which are the leads showing changes in RV Myocardial Infarction?
- 3. Differentiation of ventricular and supraventricular premature beats in ECG.
- 4. Different types of ST depression.
- 5. Reporting format of a treadmill test.
- 6. Anginal cascade and silent Myocardial Ischaemia.
- 7. ECG of hypokalaemia and hyperkalaemia.
- 8. Various types of holter monitoring and abnormalities in holter.

III. Short answers on:

- 1. U wave in ECG.
- 2. Causes for right axis deviation.
- 3. Biatrial enlargement.
- 4. Indication for modified Bruce protocol.
- 5. Dietary advise before treadmill test.
- 6. Early post PCI treadmill. Does it indicate restenosis.
- 7. MASON LIKAR Modification of 12 lead ECG.
- 8. Relative contraindications in exercise stress test.
- 9. Effort tolerance in relation to METZ.
- 10. ECG features of hyperthyroidism.

Sub. Code: 1532

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY

SECOND YEAR

PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer all questions

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Discuss the indications, contraindications and precautions while doing treadmill test.

- 2. What are the physiological changes takes place during exercise test?
- 3. Indications for 24 hours BP monitoring and its procedure.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. P waves anomalies in ECG.
- 2. Discuss about monophasic and biphasic shock.
- 3. Absolute contraindications for exercise testing.
- 4. WPW syndrome.
- 5. Different scores used to risk stratify based on TMT.
- 6. Advantages and disadvantages of bicycle ergomister over treadmill.
- 7. Non electrocardiographic changes and importance.
- 8. Preparation and instruction to patient for a holter recording.

III. Short answers on: $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. What ECG features will be seen in acute inferior wall MI and in which leads?
- 2. ECG features of hyperthyroidism.
- 3. ECG features of atrial flutter.
- 4. What are the ECG features of hypertrophic cardiomyopathy?
- 5. Indication for modified Bruce protocol.
- 6. Target heart rate for exercise test.
- 7. Bayers theorem.
- 8. Epsilon waves.
- 9. Indication for termination of exercise testing.
- 10. Usual BP response during exercise. What does accelerated response indicate?

[AHS 0321] MARCH 2021 Sub. Code: 1532

(AUGUST 2020 EXAM SESSION) B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY

SECOND YEAR (Regulation 2014-2015)

PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three hours Answer ALL Questions Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Discuss the ECG findings in ventricular tachycardia. How will you differentiate between ventricular tachycardia and supraventricular tachycardia?

- 2. Discuss the indications, contraindications and precautions while doing treadmill test.
- 3. Indications for holter, type of arrhythmia which can be detected by holter?

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Post MI exercise testing indications and usefulness.
- 2. Types of Holter Monitoring.
- 3. Indications for 24 hours BP monitoring and its procedure.
- 4. Duke Tread mill score.
- 5. Different types of ST changes and it's their measurement.
- 6. Sensitivity and specificity of stress test.
- 7. Discuss about Mobitz type I and II block.
- 8. ECG features of hypo and hyperkalemia.

III. Short answers on: $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. List out the causes of low voltage QRS complex.
- 2. Electrocardiographic features of Tetralogy of fallot.
- 3. Electrical alternans in electrocardiography.
- 4. P-pulmonale in electrocardiograph.
- 5. Usually BP response during exercise. What does accelerated response indicate?
- 6. Indication for termination of exercise testing.
- 7. METZ in stress test.
- 8. MASON LIKAR Modification of 12 lead ECG.
- 9. Digoxin toxicity.
- 10. Usefulness of holter in palpitation.

[AHS 0222] FEBRUARY 2022 Sub. Code: 1532

(AUGUST 2021 EXAM SESSION)

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR (Regulation 2014-2015) PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three hours Answer ALL Questions Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Explain in detail about indication, contraindication and protocols of TMT.

- 2. Electrocardiographic and non electrocardiographic, features used in exercise testing for diagnosis of coronary artery disease.
- 3. Indications for Holter, type of arrhythmias which can be detected by Holter.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. ECG Criteria for RVH.
- 2. Metabolic changes in ECG.
- 3. Which are the leads showing changes in RV myocardial Infarction?
- 4. Reporting format of a treadmill test.
- 5. 24 hours ambulatory BP monitoring.
- 6. Causes for T wave inversion in ECG.
- 7. Discuss about monophasic and biphasic shock.
- 8. Different scores used to risk stratify based on TMT.

III. Short answers on: $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. LAHB and LPHB.
- 2. ECG features of mitral stenosis.
- 3. Causes for right axis deviation.
- 4. Dietary advice before treadmill test.
- 5. T-Waves in ECG.
- 6. Draw Einthoven triangle.
- 7. ECG features of Hyperthyroidism.
- 8. Indication for modified Bruce protocol.
- 9. Enumerate three points to diagnose a malignant VPC.
- 10. ECG features for Hyperkalemia.

[AHS 0922] SEPTEMBER 2022 Sub. Code: 1532 (FEBRUARY 2022 & AUGUST 2022 EXAM SESSIONS)

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR (Regulation from 2014-2015) PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING O.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three hours Answer ALL Questions Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Enumerate the various protocols for Treadmill Test. Discuss in detail about Bruce and Modified Bruce protocol.

- 2. Discuss the indications, contraindications and interpretation of 24 hours Holter monitoring.
- 3. Discuss in detail ECG features in various types of Myocardial Infarction.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. ECG criteria in LVH.
- 2. Blood pressure changes during Treadmill exercise Test.
- 3. ECG features of Atrial abnormalities.
- 4. ECG in Left bundle branch block.
- 5. Causes for left axis deviation.
- 6. Atrial flutter versus Atrial fibrillation.
- 7. Augmented Leads and Einthoven Triangle.
- 8. Wolf Parkinson White syndrome (WPW Syndrome).

III. Short answers on: $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. Indications of Cardioversion.
- 2. Sine wave pattern.
- 3. Ventricular Trigeminy.
- 4. "U" Wave.
- 5. Horizontal ST depression in Treadmill Test.
- 6. First degree Atrio ventricular block.
- 7. How will you give DC shock?
- 8. ECG in Pericarditis.
- 9. O-T interval.
- 10. Biploar Lead.

[AHS 0423] APRIL 2023 **Sub. Code: 1532**

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY

SECOND YEAR (Regulations 2014-2015, 2018-2019 & 2020-2021 onwards) PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

Q.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three hours **Answer ALL Questions** Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Discuss various Types of Atrioventricular Blocks (AV Block).

- 2. Ventricular Arrhythmias Mechanism and ECG features of Ventricular Tachycardia and Ventricular Fibrillation.
- 3. Discuss the Patient Preparation and Instructions, Lead systems Electrocardiographic changes during Treadmill Test.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Left Atrial Enlargement.
- 2. Tread Mill Dukes score.
- 3. Torsades de Pointes.
- 4. Indications for 24 hour Holter monitoring.
- Repolarisation abnormalities in ECG.
- 6. DC shock.
- 7. ECG findings in Left Bundle Branch Block.
- 8. Advantages and disadvantages of Treadmill Test.

III. Short answers on:

- 1. Accelerated Idioventricular Rhythm.
- 2. Right Ventricular Hypertrophy.
- 3. Posterior Wall Myocardial Infarction.
- 4. Draw Normal ECG. Explain the Waves and Intervals.
- 5. Ventricular couplets.
- 6. Upslope ST depression in Treadmill Test.
- 7. Right Atrial enlargement.
- 8. Non sustained Ventricular Tachycardia.
- 9. Modified Bruce Protocol.
- 10. Metabolic Equivalents.

[AHS 1123] **NOVEMBER 2023 Sub. Code: 1532**

B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY

SECOND YEAR (Regulations 2014-2015, 2018-2019 & 2020-2021 onwards) PAPER II – ADVANCED ECG AND TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TESTING AND 24 HOUR AMBULATORY ECG AND BP RECORDING

O.P. Code: 801532

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks **Answer ALL Questions**

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Explain in detail about Indications, Contraindications and Protocols of TMT.

- 2. Draw the Conduction system and explain in detail about various types of Heart Block.
- 3. Draw a normal ECG and explain changes in Acute MI, how do you identify the Coronary Artery Involvement?

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. 24 hours Ambulatory BP monitoring.
- 2. Ventricular Arrhythmias.
- 3. P waves anomalies in ECG.
- 4. Causes for 'T' wave inversion in ECG.
- 5. Modified Bruce protocol.
- 6. Einthoven triangle.
- 7. Sensitivity and specificity of stress test.
- 8. ECG changes in pericarditis.

III. Short answers on:

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. Brugada Syndrome.
- 2. Himalayan P-waves.
- 3. Long QT Syndrome.
- 4. U wave in ECG.
- 5. Atrial flutter.
- 6. DC shock.
- 7. Enumerate three points to diagnose RVH.
- 8. Enumerate three points to diagnose a Malignant VPC.
- 9. Modified Chest leads.
- 10. Normal segments and intervals in ECG.