

THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[MBBS 0324]

MARCH 2024

Sub. Code :6085

M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION

(For the candidates admitted from the Academic Year 2019-2020)

**THIRD PROFESSIONAL PART II - CBME
PAPER I – OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY**

Q.P. Code: 526085

Time: Three hours

Maximum : 100 Marks (80 Theory + 20MCQs)

Answer all the Questions

I. Essay:

(2 x 15 = 30)

(5+5+5)

1. Describe the Caldwell and Moloy classification of female pelvis. Discuss the causes and management of a case of primi with mobile head at term.

(2+3+10)

2. Define Eclampsia. Enumerate its complications. Discuss the management of 34 weeks G2P1L1 presenting with Antepartum Eclampsia.

II. Write Short notes on:

(10 x 5 = 50)

1. Describe the various changes that occur in the circulatory system of the infant after birth.
2. Hyperemesis gravidarum.
3. Role of preconceptional counselling and its importance in modern obstetrics.
4. AMTSL(Active Management of the Third Stage of Labour).
5. Parenteral iron therapy.
6. Neonatal jaundice.
7. Prenatal diagnosis.
8. DIC in obstetrics.
9. Discuss the concept of onset of labour and differentiate true and false labour pains.
10. Obstructed labour.

THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[MBBS 0524]

MAY 2024

Sub. Code :6085

M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION

(For the candidates admitted from the Academic Year 2019-2020)

THIRD PROFESSIONAL PART II – SUPPLEMENTARY (CBME)

PAPER I – OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 526085

Time: Three hours

Maximum : 100 Marks (80 Theory + 20MCQs)

Answer all the Questions

I. Essay:

(2 x 15 = 30)

(2+5+8)

1. A 23 year old G3P2L2 at 37 weeks of gestation came with c/o abdominal pain, bleeding p/v and reduced fetal movements.
 - a) What is the probable diagnosis?
 - b) Discuss its investigations and management.

(5+10)

2. Etiopathogenesis of Anemia in pregnancy and management.

II. Write Short notes on:

(10 x 5 = 50)

1. External Cephalic Version.
2. Muthulakshmi Reddy Scheme.
3. Partogram.
4. Haematological changes in pregnancy.
5. Amniocentesis.
6. Medical management of ectopic pregnancy.
7. Antepartum fetal surveillance.
8. How will you counsel a Primigravida with Fetal distress in labour for Emergency LSCS and getting a consent for LSCS.
9. Meconium Aspiration syndrome.
10. HELLP syndrome.

THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[MBBS 0325]

MARCH 2025

Sub. Code :6085

M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION

(For the candidates admitted from the Academic Year 2019-2020)

THIRD PROFESSIONAL MBBS PART II

PAPER I – OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 526085

Time: Three hours

Maximum : 100 Marks (80 Theory + 20MCQs)

Answer all the Questions

I. Essay:

(2 x 15 = 30)

(5+10)

1. Enumerate the cardiovascular changes during pregnancy. Primigravida diagnosed as Mitral stenosis with term pregnancy discuss about the management during Labour and puerperium.

(2+3+10)

2. Define APH and its various causes, discuss the management of G2P1L1 a case of 32 weeks pregnancy, presenting in OPD with painless causeless bleeding per vaginum.

II. Write Short notes on:

(10 x 5 = 50)

1. Anencephaly.
2. Shoulder dystocia.
3. Non-stress test.
4. Puerperal sepsis.
5. Polyhydramnios.
6. How will you counsel a case of previous LSCS for TOLAC?
7. Complications of breech delivery.
8. Screening for GDM.
9. Anemia Mukth Bharat Programme.
10. Neonatal seizures.

THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[MBBS 0625]

JUNE 2025

Sub. Code :6085

M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION

(For the candidates admitted from the Academic Year 2019-2020)

THIRD PROFESSIONAL PART II SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

PAPER V – OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 526085

Time: Three hours

Maximum : 100 Marks (80 Theory + 20 MCQs)

Answer all the Questions

I. Essay:

(2 x 15 = 30)
(5+7+3)

1. A Primi Gravida at 7 weeks of pregnancy is admitted in a state of shock. Discuss the causes and management of Acute Ectopic gestation and note on Medical management.

(5+10)

2. Classify the Hypertensive disease complicating pregnancy and management of Eclampsia.

II. Write Short notes on:

(10 x 5 = 50)

1. Complete perineal tear.
2. Septic abortion.
3. 25-year-old G2P2L1 with 6 months of pregnancy with haemoglobin level of 8 gm%. How will you manage her?
4. Polyhydramnios.
5. NT scan.
6. Asphyxia neonatorum.
7. Perinatal mortality.
8. Extended Breech.
9. HIV in pregnancy.
10. Partial Molar Pregnancy.
