

M.Ch. - HEAD AND NECK SURGERY

THE TAMIL NADU Dr. MGR MEDICAL UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI

Syllabus – M.Ch. HEAD AND NECK SURGERY

1. Aims and objectives of the course

a) General

Head and neck cancers are a significant health problem in India and the standard of present day management of these cancers is below the desired level mainly due to the lack of well-trained head and neck surgical oncologists. A structured training programme in this branch of medical science is available only in few centres in India.

b) Specific

A dedicated head and neck surgical oncology training scheme is expected to produce well-trained surgical oncologists specialized in the head and neck region. They will coordinate the overall management of head and neck cancer, a major health problem in the Indian subcontinent. In addition to treatment of established patients they will help to initiate community oncology program, with the aim to lower the stage of disease upon diagnosis and initiation of cancer prevention measures. The research component of the course is expected provide basis for investigative framework to start research projects pertaining to specific problems encountered in India. Overall, this training program is expected to improve the care of head and neck cancer in India.

2. CORE CURRICULUM

SUMMARY

- The core curriculum includes basic tumor biology, pathology, anatomy, molecular biology and genetics, clinical research methods, radiation oncology, medical oncology and different aspects of head and neck oncology.
- Attend weekly interdisciplinary Tumor Board

- Elective rotations (one to two months) with radiation oncology, medical oncology, pathology, ENT, neurosurgery, speech and swallowing therapy, pain and palliation and prosthetics.
- Completion of at least one research projects every year that result in peer-reviewed publications

DETAILED SYLLABUS

The training will have three parts extending over a period of three years

Part I: Lectures on basic sciences as relevant to head and neck oncology topics and research methodology:

1. Molecular cell biology of cancer – the cell cycle regulations, oncogenes, chromosomal abnormalities-
2. Genetics
3. Epidemiology of cancer
4. Mechanism of Carcinogenesis
5. Biologic therapy
6. Gene-therapy
7. Principles of radiation therapy.
8. Principles of chemotherapy.
9. Clinical Research Methods
10. Head and neck radiology
11. Applied head and neck anatomy
12. Developing hypothesis and planning research project
13. Designing a clinical research project
14. Data collection and monitoring
15. Biostatistics primer
16. Ethics in biomedical research
17. Securing research grants

Part II: Didactic course in head and neck oncology

1. Lip and oral cavity
2. Oral mucosa in health and disease
3. Benign cysts and tumors of the jaw
4. Management of Mandible
5. Oropharynx
6. Hypopharynx
7. Supraglottic Laryng
8. Glottic Larynx
9. Paranasal sinus
10. Parapharyngeal space
11. Salivary gland
12. Anterior skullbase
13. Temporal bone
14. Management of Neck
15. Thyroid and parathyroid

Part III: Didactic and laboratory course in reconstructive surgery

1. Basic plastic surgery principles
2. Reconstruction of soft tissue defects of face
3. Nose reconstruction
4. Lips reconstruction
5. Oral cavity reconstruction
6. Mandible reconstruction
7. Pharynx reconstruction
8. Skull base reconstruction
9. Prosthetic rehabilitation

Part IV: Didactic and clinical training in pain and palliation

1. Management of cancer pain
2. Specialized care of the terminally ill.
3. Nutritional support.

Part V: Head and neck cancer rehabilitation

1. Speech and swallowing therapy
2. Tracheo-esophageal prosthesis
3. Maxillofacial prosthetics

Part III: Clinical work including surgery, daily patient management, management of patients on radiotherapy and chemotherapy and palliative care for advanced head and neck malignancy patients.

1. Once a month inter disciplinary seminar on head and neck oncology (see syllabus).
2. Fortnightly journal club presentation.
3. Tumor board meetings once a week.
4. Attendance to at least one oncology conference every year.
5. Maintenance of a log book of cases worked up, assisted, performed, planned RT, administered Chemotherapy and palliative care cases

BIOETHICS:

1. Respect human life and the dignity of every individual.
2. Refrain from supporting or committing crimes against humanity and condemn all such acts
3. Treat the sick and injured with competence and compassion and without prejudice and apply the knowledge and skills when needed.
4. Protect the privacy and confidentiality of those for whom we care and breach that confidence only when keeping it would seriously threaten their health and
5. Work freely with colleagues to discover, develop, and promote advances in medicine and public health that ameliorate suffering and contribute to human well being.
6. Educate the Public about present and future threats to the Health of Huamanity.
7. Advocate for Social, Economic, Educational and Political changes that ameliorate suffering and contribute to Human well Being.
8. Teach And mentor those who follow us, for they are the future pf our caring profesison.

3.Clinical Training Schedule for three years

Year one

Head and Neck Surgery	-	6 months
Rotation postings to		
ENT/Surg Oncology	-	1 month
Radiation Oncology	-	3 weeks
Medical Oncology	-	3 weeks
Thoracic Surgery	-	2 weeks
ICU	-	2 weeks
Neurosurgery	-	1 month
Pain and Palliation	-	1 month
Research lab	-	3 weeks
Reconstructive surgery	-	2 months

Year two

Head and neck surgery	-	8 months
Reconstructive surgery	-	4 months

(Part or full of this can be in conjunction with rotation with other institutions as well as in an overseas structured and accredited training programme)

Year Three

Basic Sciences Research along with taking part in the clinical activities of the department	- 6 months
(The candidates will have to involve in a research project as well as spend time in the experimental surgery lab during this time)	
Head and neck Surgery/ Reconstructive surgery	- 6 months

Rotation among institutions:

The trainees will be encouraged to spend time at other institutions with head and neck surgical oncology fellowships to enable maximal benefit from the strengths of each program. In particular, rotation to centers of excellence in microvascular surgery will be encouraged. Specific details will need to be worked out after the individual programs are in place.

MODEL WEEKLY TRAINING SCHEDULE DURING HNS/PRS POSTINGS

MONDAY			TUESDAY			WEDNESDAY			THURSDAY			FRIDAY		SATURDAY
CLINICS	THEATRE	CLINICS	THEATRE	DIDACTIC	CLINICS	THEATRE	CLINICS	THEATRE	DIDACTICS	CLINICS	THEATRE	DIDACTIC		
HNS	HN/PRS	HNS	HNS/PRS	JOURNAL CLUB	TUMOUR BOARD / CLINIC	CRF	HNS	HNS/PRS	CLINICO-PATH	HNS/PRS	CRF			CORE CURRICULUM

HNS: Head and neck oncology;

PRS: Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery;

CRF: Craniofacial Surgery

Tumor Board followed by Multi Disciplinary Clinic with head and neck surgeon, radiotherapy, medical oncology and rehabilitation

Clinico Path. Joint meeting with pathologists and surgical team

4.Skill Training:

OBJECTIVES: The objective of the M Ch training programme in Head and Neck Surgery and Oncology is to provide a comprehensive training in management of all facets of head and neck cancer including ablative and reconstructive surgery, fundamentals of radiation oncology and medical oncology, cancer biology and research methods. This is accomplished by providing outstanding clinical training (including both decision-making and technical expertise), encouraging teaching, and developing a scientific and investigative framework for research. The emphasis will be on providing state-of-the-art multidisciplinary care for patients with head and neck cancer and to provide a rigorous academic experience. At the end of the training period the candidates are expected to have in-depth knowledge, skills and attitude to take up academic career in head and neck oncology and leadership positions in the field. The duration of the training period will be for 3 years.

- a) Practical training: Areas of special emphasis
 - i. Clinical head and neck oncology
 - ii. Reconstructive surgery
 - iii. Training in ancillary specialties
 - iv. Cancer prevention and community oncology
- b) Research
- c) Teaching and Seminars
- d) Rotation among institutions

a) Practical Training:

i. Clinical Head and Neck Oncology

Out patient evaluation in the head and neck oncology clinic:

Trainees should evaluate and plan the care and follow-up of patients referred to the clinic for outpatient evaluation. The outpatient evaluation should serve the important purpose of acquisition of clinical skills under the guidance of a consultant head and neck surgeon.

Multidisciplinary Tumor Board

The trainee should present the patients at the multidisciplinary tumor board and should develop a treatment plans in consultation with other faculty members.

ii. In patient care:

The trainee should provide care of patients admitted in the wards under the supervision of the consultant. This should also include care of convalescing postoperative patients. The faculty should provide formal teaching and supervision of patient care.

iii. Head and Neck Intensive Care:

The head and neck trainee should be directly responsible for the management of all head and neck ICU patients. This requires thorough familiarization with principles of critical care monitoring, management and invasive procedures. Care of ventilated patients should be provided in concert with the anesthesiologist on call. The consultant head and neck surgeon and the anesthesiologist should provide direct supervision and teaching during daily rounds.

5.Teaching Methodology:

Didactic Teaching and Seminars:

A proposed syllabus and weekly work schedule are attached as appendix. The *core curriculum* covers all basic and applied areas of the sub specialty. The teaching will in the form of didactic lectures, seminars and discussions. Regular *journal clubs* will be incorporated into the teaching program once a week, in order to keep abreast with developments in the field. *Seminars* on important basic and applied topics will need to be presented by the fellow every fortnight. The fellow should also present weekly *pre-operative conferences* where the clinical, imaging and pathology data of all prospective surgical patients are discussed. In addition the fellow should present the clinical intraoperative findings at the *clinico- pathology conference*. The fellow should attend at least one head and neck oncology/ oncology *national conference* every year. The trainee should be encouraged to present his/her research data at these meetings.

6.RESEARCH WORK

The candidate is introduced to the field of research in oncopathology including molecular oncopathology.

The candidate will be trained in the ability to

- Frame a research question.
- Plan a study to answer the question.
- Collect the relevant information and
- Evaluate appropriately the collected data to draw a conclusion.

The candidate should become conversant with the reporting of these results as a research paper, in journals, and as a presentation in conferences. The activities would consist of Planning and organizing relevant studies to be submitted as a Research paper at the end of the course.

It is mandatory for the candidate to attend the Research Methodology workshop conducted by the University within the first six months of the D.M Course

7.LOGBOOK

Candidate shall maintain a record of skills he/she has acquired during the training period certified by the various Heads of Departments where he / she has undergone training including outside the institution.

The record should have a log of:

- Teaching and training program of post-graduate and intern students.
- Seminars, Journal Clubs, Group Discussions
- Clinical, clinicopathological, and multidisciplinary tumor board conferences.
- Interesting cases
- Competencies gained in peripheral postings

Periodic review of Logbook has to be done in the Department by guide/HOD once in every 6 months.

At the end of the course, the candidate should summarise the contents and get the Log Book certified by the Head of the Department.

The Log Book should be submitted at the time of practical examination for the scrutiny of the Board of Examiners.

8. COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT:

Overall :

- | | | |
|----|---|------------|
| 1. | Communication/commitment/ contribution/ compassion towards the patients and innovation | - 10 marks |
| 2. | Implementation of newly learnt techniques | - 10 marks |
| 3. | Documentation of case sheets/ discharge Summary/ review | - 10 marks |
| 4. | Number of cases presented in Clinical Meetings/ Journal Clubs/ Seminar/ Papers presented in Conference | - 10 marks |
| 5. | No. of Medals/ Certificates won in the Conference / Quiz competitions and other academic meetings with details. | - 10 marks |

Total

- 50 marks

Assessment I	-	February	-	First year
II	-	August	-	First year
III	-	February	-	Second year
IV	-	August	-	Second year
V	-	February	-	Third year
VI	-	May	-	Third year

VIVA INCLUDING COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT - 100 MARKS (50+50)

9. Theory Examination

Theory - IV Papers

- **Paper I :** Basic Sciences including Head & Neck and Skull Base Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology, Micro - Biology and Pharmacology. - 100 Marks
- **Paper II :** Clinical Head & Neck Surgical Oncology - 100 Marks
- **Paper III :** Operative Head & Neck Surgery including Reconstruction Surgery. - 100 Marks
- **Paper IV :** Recent advances in Head and Neck Surgery & Oncotherapeutics. - 100 Marks

Question Paper Pattern:

- | | | |
|------------------------|---|-------------------|
| 1. Essay questions (2) | - | 2 X 15 = 30 Marks |
| 2. Short Notes (10) | - | 10 X 7 = 70 Marks |

Total 100 Marks

10. Practical Examination:

Cases	No.	Marks	Total Marks
Long Case	1 case	1 x 100 Marks	100 Marks
Short Case	2 cases	2 x 50 Marks	100 Marks
Ward Rounds	3 cases	3 x 10 Marks	30 Marks
Radiology		30 Marks	30 Marks
Pathology		30 Marks	30 Marks
OSCE	6 cases	6 x 5 Marks	30 Marks
Instruments		30 Marks	30 Marks
VIVA			100 Marks
Log Book			50 Marks
TOTAL			500 Marks
Passing Minimum			250 Marks

11. Reference Books

1. Comprehensive Management of Head & Neck Tumour Volume I & II – Thawley
2. Cancer of Head & Neck – Eugene N Myers
3. Text book of Head and Neck Surgery and Oncology – Stell & Maran
4. Surgical Anatomy of Head and Neck – Montgomery & Janfaza
5. Atlas of Head & Neck Surgery – Carl E Silver
6. Atlas of Head & Neck Surgery – Byron J Bailey
7. Atlas of Head & Neck Surgery – Lory
8. Skull Base Surgery Volume I & II – Eugene N Meyers, Carl H Synderman, Paul A Gradner.
9. Head & Neck Surgery – Jatin P Shah
10. Head & Neck Imaging – Peter M Som
11. Imaging of Head & Neck – Valvasori
12. Surgery of Larynx & Hypopharynx – Sultan A Vradhan & Phillippee Monier
13. Surgery of the Thyroid & Para Thyroid – Gregory W Randolph
14. Thieme Atlas of Anatomy Head and Neck Neuro Anatomy – Michael Sehuenke & Erik Schulte.
15. Complications of Head & Neck Surgery – David W Eisele & Richard Smith
16. Atlas of Micro Surgery & Lateral Skull Base – Mario Sanna Essam Sales

17. Tumours of the Ear & Temporal Bone – Robert K Jackler
18. Comprehensive Management of Swallowing Disorders – Ricardo L Carrou
19. Clinical Voice Disorder – Arnald E Aranson
20. Complex Craniofacial problem – Craig Dufresne
21. Oral Maxillofacial Surgery – Fonseca
22. Aesthetic Plastic Surgery – Recs / Latranta
23. Fundamental techniques of Plastic Surgery - Mc gregor
24. Manual of Aesthetic Surgery – Mang
25. Management of facial lines & wrinkles – Blitzer, Bindis, Boyd
26. Columbia Manual of dermatologic cosmetic surgery
27. Lasers in cutaneous & cosmetic Surgery
28. Hand surgery a clinical atlas – Chase, Hentz
29. Atlas of Cosmetic Surgery – Kaminar / Dover
30. Surgical reconstruction of the face & Anterior skull base
31. Plastic & Reconstructive Surgery – Essentials for students
32. Atlas of Head & Neck Surgery – Carl. E. Silvers, John S Rubin – II Edition
33. Plastic & Reconstructive Surgery of the Nose – Elsaly
34. Aesthetic & functional Rhinoplasty – B.Baser
35. Cleft lip & Palate – Malek
36. Operative Otolaryngology Head & Neck Surgery – Myers
37. Hand surgery -DP Green – Volume I & II
38. Hand diagnosis & indications - Lister

12. Journals

- i. Head and Neck
- ii. Laryngoscope
- iii. Journal of Clinical Oncology
- iv. Journal of Surgical Oncology
- v. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery
- vi. Clinics of Plastic Surgery
- vii. Journal of Craniomaxillofacial Surgery
- viii. Journal of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery
- ix. Archives of Otolaryngology head and neck surgery
- x. Cancer
- xi. Cancer Research
- xii. New England Journal of Medicine of Experimental Medicine
- xiii. JAMA
- xiv. BMJ